



The Belle Collaboration

52 institutions

- Aomori University
- Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics
- Chiba University
- Chuo University
- University of Cincinnati
- Frankfurt University
- Gyeongsang National University
- University of Hawaii
- Hiroshima Institute of Technology
- Hiroshima College of Maritime Tech.
- ICRR, University of Tokyo
- IHEP, Beijing
- ITEP, Moscow
- Joint Crystal Collaboration Group
- Kanagawa University
- KEK
- Korea University
- Krakow Institute of Nuclear Physics
- Kyoto University
- University of Melbourne
- Mindanao State University
- Nagasaki Institute of Applied Science
- Nagoya University
- Nara Woman's University
- National Central University
- National Kaohsiung Normal University
- National Lien-Ho Institute of Technology
- National Taiwan University
- Nihon Dental College
- Niigata University
- Osaka University
- Osaka City University
- Panjab University
- Princeton University
- Saga University
- Seoul National University
- University of Science and Tech. of China
- Sugiyama Woman's College
- Sungkyunkwan University
- University of Sydney
- Toho University
- Tohoku University
- Tohoku-gakuin University
- University of Tokyo
- Tokyo Institute of Technology
- Tokyo Metropolitan University
- Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology
- Toyama National College of Maritime Technology
- University of Tsukuba
- Utkal University
- Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University
- Yonsei University



A List of Belle contributed papers to ICHEP2000

<http://bsunsr1.kek.jp/conferences/ichep2000.html>

1. Determination of $B0\bar{d}$ - $B0\bar{d}\bar{b}$ mixing rate from the time evolution of dilepton events at the $Y(4S)$ (Paper #284)
2. Measurement of Charmed Meson Lifetimes (Paper#274)
3. Studies of Radiative B Meson Decays with Belle (Paper #281)
4. Observation of B - J/ψ $K1(1270)$ (Paper #278)
5. Charmless Hadronic B Meson Decays to Charged Particle Final States with Belle (Paper #289)
6. A Study of Charmless Hadronic B decays to $h\pi^0$ Final States (Paper #292)
7. Evidence for the charmless decay $B^+ - \phi K^+$ at Belle (Paper #287)
8. Measurement of Inclusive Production of Neutral Pions from $\Upsilon(4s)$ decays (Paper #275)
9. Observation of Cabibbo suppressed $B - D^{(*)}K$ decays at Belle (Paper #282)
10. A Search for the Decay $B^0 - D_s^+ \pi^-$ (paper #291)
11. Measurements of exclusive decays $B\bar{b}\bar{b}$ - $D^*\bar{D}$ -nubar and $B\bar{b}\bar{b}$ - $D^*\bar{D}$ -l-nubar at Belle (Paper #286)
12. Measurement of Polarization of J/ψ in $B^0 - J/\psi K^0$ and $B^+ - J/\psi K^{*+}$ Decays (Paper #285)
13. CPT Test with Tau Leptons at Belle (Paper #277)
14. Search for the lepton flavor violating decay $\tau^- - l^- K^0$ (Paper #276)
15. Measurement of K^+K^- production in two-photon collisions with Belle (Paper #288)
16. Measurement of $Ks0\bar{K}s0$ production in two-photon collisions with Belle (Paper #290)
17. Search for CP violation in tau semi-leptonic decay $\tau\pi^+\pi^-$, $\pi^+\pi^-$ $\pi^0\nu\bar{\nu}$ (Paper #283)



A Measurement of CP Violation in B_d Meson Decays

at Belle

Hiroaki Aihara
University of Tokyo

- Overview
- Event selection of $B_d \rightarrow Charmonium + K_S / K_L$
- Flavor tagging
- Proper decay time difference reconstruction
- Extraction of CP parameter
- Conclusion



KEKB performance

Parameters of KEKB (7/23/2000) Achieved/Design(model)

	LER	HER	
Horizontal Emittance	18	30	nm
Beam current	465 (2600)	420 (1100)	mA
Number of bunches	1146 (2700)		
Bunch current	0.41 (0.96)	0.37 (0.41)	mA
Bunch spacing	2.4 (1.2)		m
Bunch trains	8 (159 bunches each)		
Horizontal size at IP $x/\sqrt{2}$	112 (112)	145 (145)	m
Vertical size at IP y^*	1.7 (1.12)	1.7 (1.45)	m
Emittance ratio x/y	2.3 (1)	1.4 (1)	%
* beam-beam parameters x/y	70 / 0.7	70 / 0.7	cm
Beam lifetime	130 @ 465 mA	180 @ 420 mA	min.
Luminosity (Belle CSI)	20.4 10 ³²		$\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
Luminosity record per day / per week	90 / 504		pb^{-1}

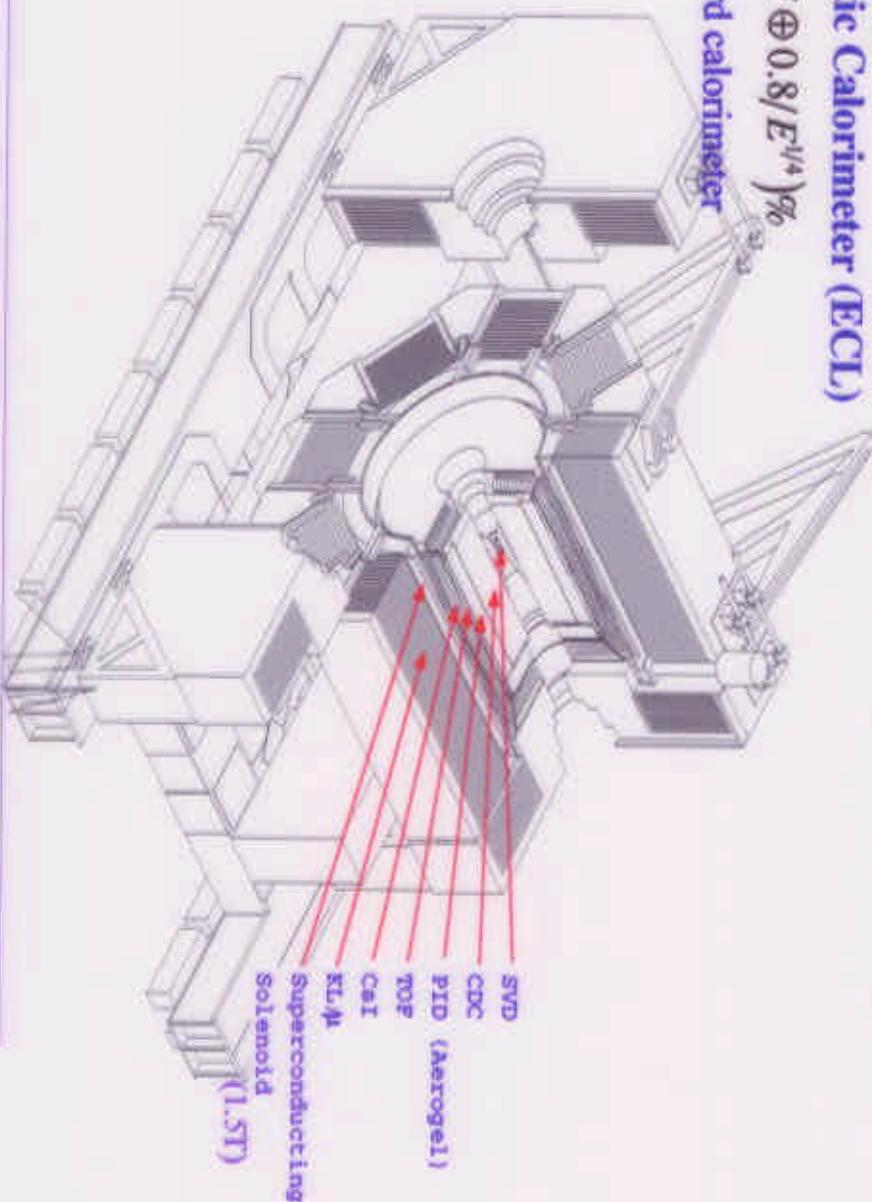


$$\text{Total } \int L dt = 6.8 \left(6.2 \text{ on Y(4S)} \right) \text{ fb}^{-1}$$



Vertexing

- Silicon Vertex Detector (SVD)
- Charged track
- Central Drift Chamber (CDC)
 $\sigma_{p_t}/p_t = (0.36 \oplus 0.28 p_t)\% \text{ (GeV)}$
- Electron and photon
- CsI Electromagnetic Calorimeter (ECL)
 $\sigma_E/E = (1.3 \oplus 0.07/E \oplus 0.8/E^{1/4})\%$
- BGO Extreme Forward calorimeter



K/ π separation

- CDC : dE/dx
- Aerogel Cherenkov Counter (ACC)
- Time of Flight Counter (TOF)

K_L and muon detector (KLM)
Resistive plate Counter



Overview

★ CP violation due to the interference between direct decay and decay via mixing is expected in the SM:

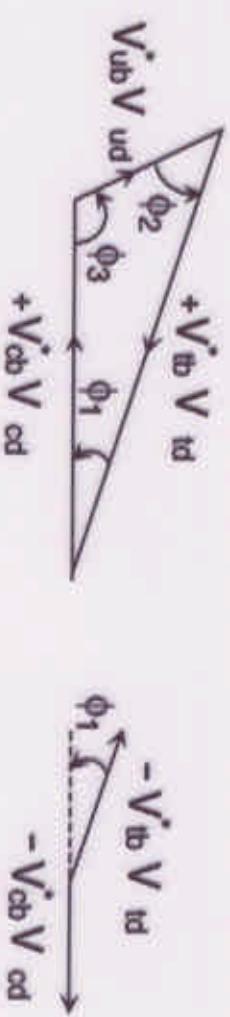
$$(1) \frac{dN}{dt}(\overline{B^0_{t=0}} \rightarrow f_{CP}) = \frac{e^{-\frac{i}{\tau}}}{2\tau} (1 - \eta_f \sin 2\phi_i \sin \Delta m_d t)$$

$$\overline{B^0} \quad \text{CP eigenstate}$$

$$(2) \frac{dN}{dt}(B^0_{t=0} \rightarrow f_{CP}) = \frac{e^{-\frac{i}{\tau}}}{2\tau} (1 + \eta_f \sin 2\phi_i \sin \Delta m_d t)$$

$$A = \frac{(1) - (2)}{(1) + (2)} = -\eta_f \sin 2\phi_i \sin \Delta m_d t$$

★ Unitary triangle



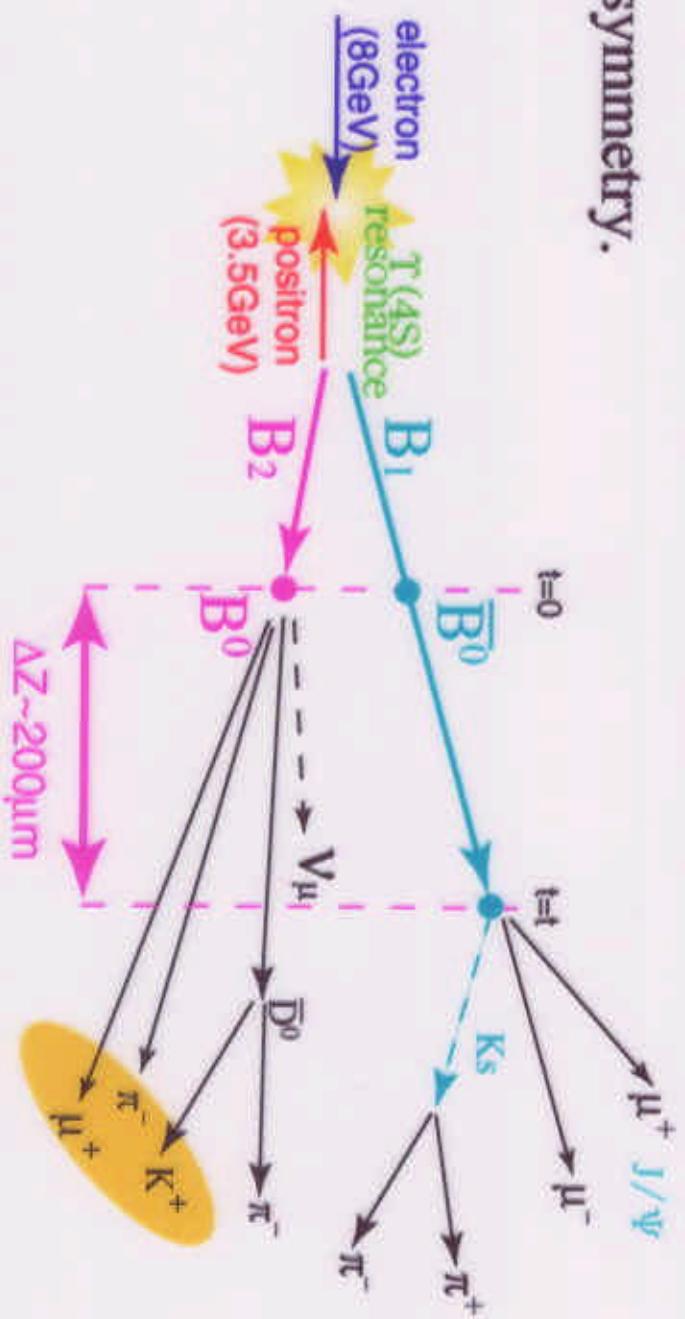
$$\phi_i = \pi - \arg \left(\frac{-V_{tb}^* V_{td}}{-V_{cb}^* V_{cd}} \right) = \beta$$

PDG 2000 : H. Quinn and A.I.Sanda



Flow of analysis

- Select events which contain CP eigenstates.
- Use other B to identify flavor at $t=0$.
- Measure $\Delta z \equiv z_{CP} - z_{tag}$; $\Delta t \equiv t_{CP} - t_{tag} \approx \frac{\Delta z}{\beta\gamma c}$; $\beta\gamma = 0.425$
- Extract asymmetry.





Experimental considerations

- True CP asymmetry gets diluted by experimental factors:
 B :background,
 ω :wrong tag fraction = chance of making a mistake
in flavor identification,
- d_{res} :dilution due to vertex resolution
- Precision of $\sin 2\phi_i$ is inversely proportional to D :
- Good understanding of Dilution factor is a must to extract asymmetry.

$$A_{obs} = \left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+B/S}} (1-2\omega) d_{res} \right\} A_{true} = D \cdot A_{true}$$

$0 \leq D \leq 1$

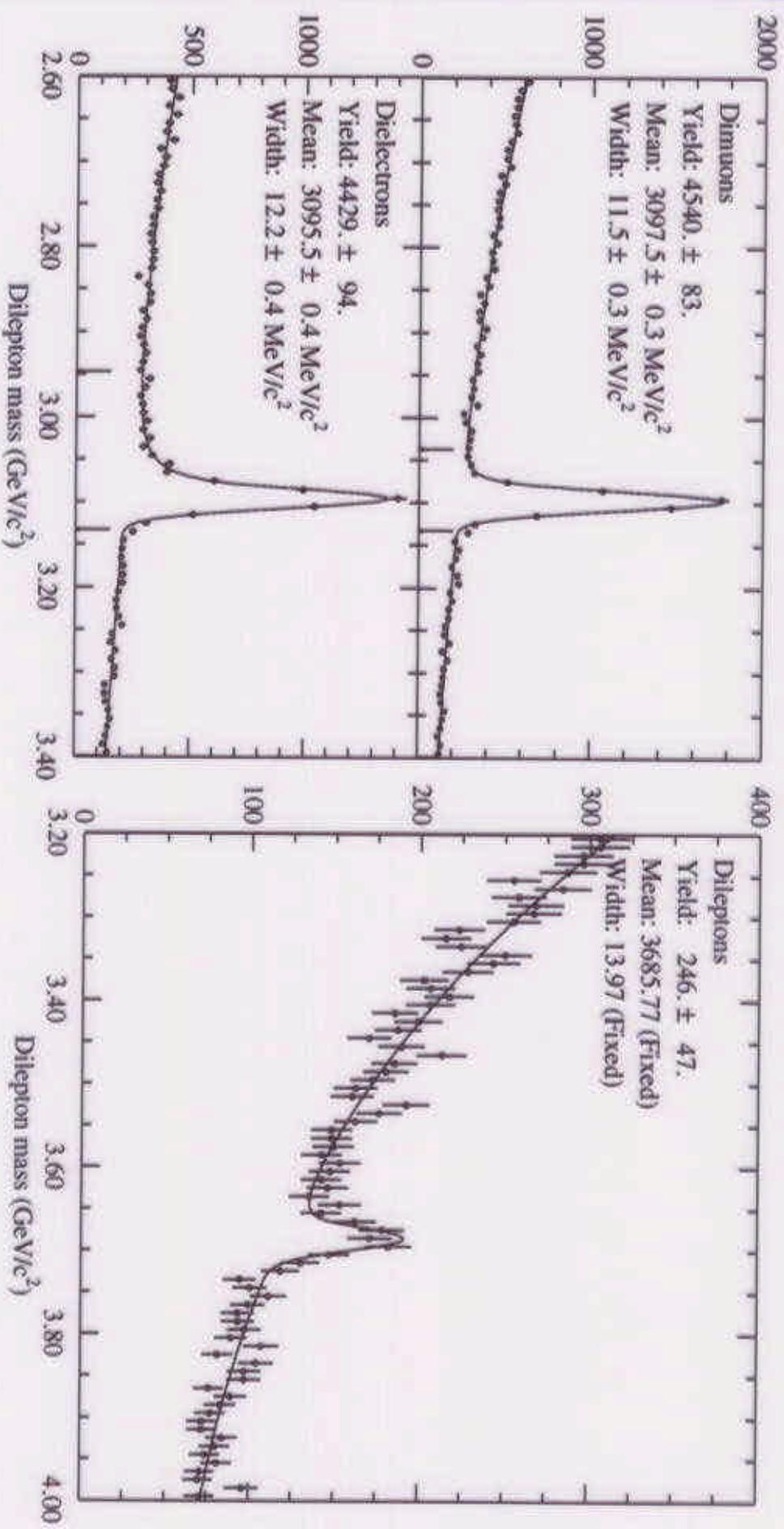
$$\delta \sin 2\phi_i = \frac{1}{\sqrt{S}} \cdot \frac{1}{D}$$



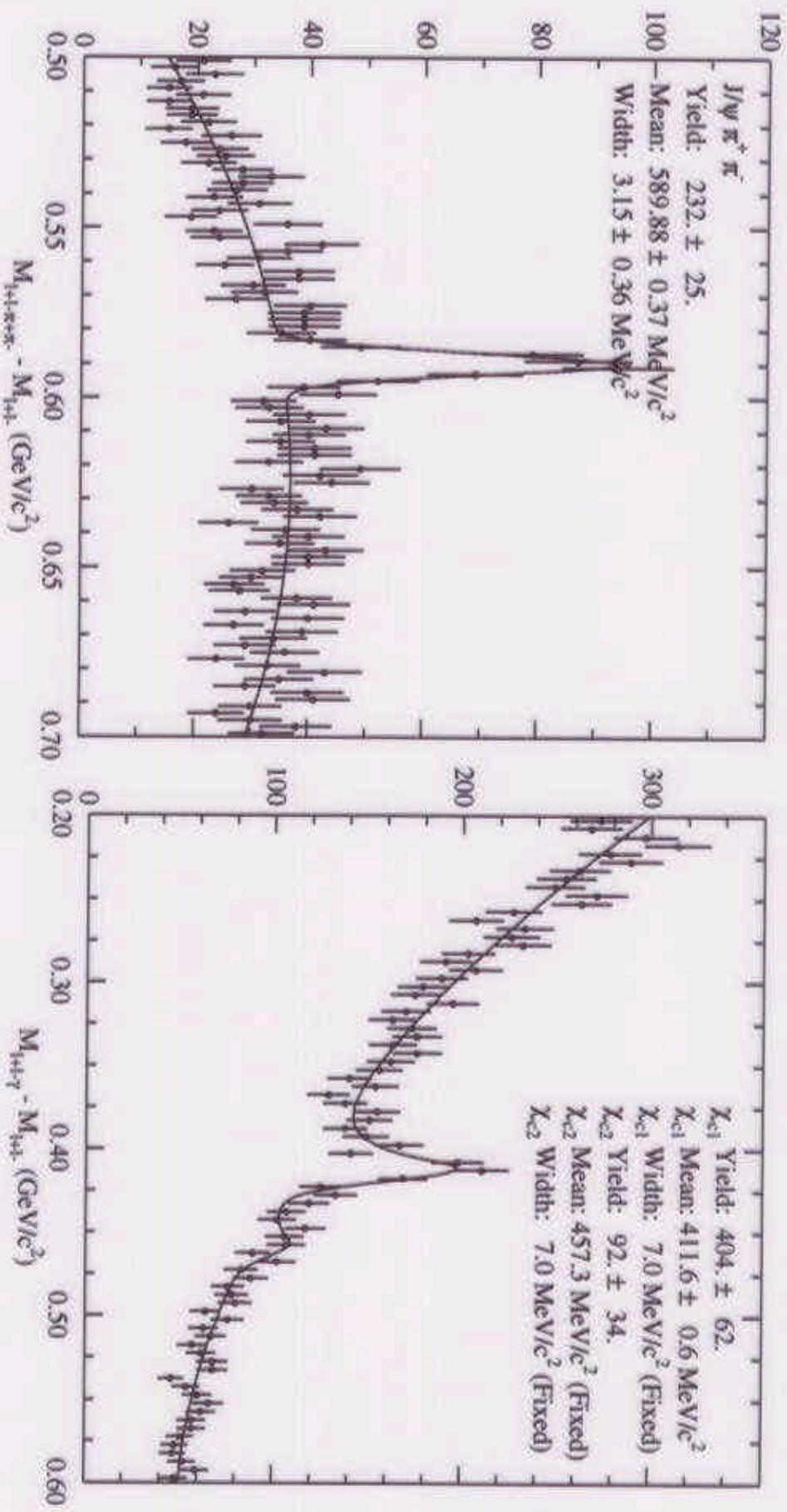
Event Selection



J/ψ and ψ' to dileptons



$\psi' \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$ and $\chi_{c1} \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma$

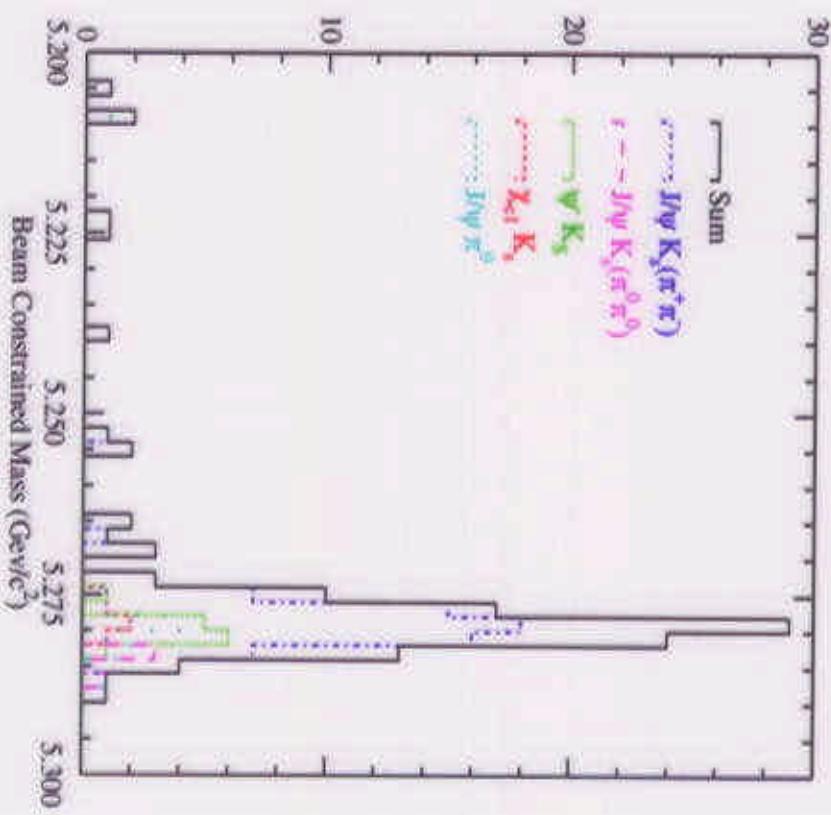




A tally of CP events @ $\int L dt = 6.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Mode	CP eigenvalue	Number of candidates	Estimated backgrounds
1 $J/\psi \ell^+ \ell^- K_1(\pi^+ \pi^-)$	-1	70	3.4
2 $J/\psi \ell^+ \ell^- K_2(\pi^0 \pi^0)$	-1	4	0.3
3 $\psi'(\ell^+ \ell^-) K_3(\pi^+ \pi^-)$	-1	5	0.2
4 $\psi'(\ell^+ \ell^-) K_4(\pi^0 \pi^0)$	-1	8	0.6
5 $\chi_{c1}(\rho'/\psi) K_5(\pi^+ \pi^-)$	-1	5	0.75
6 $J/\psi \pi^0$	+1	10	1
total		102	6.25

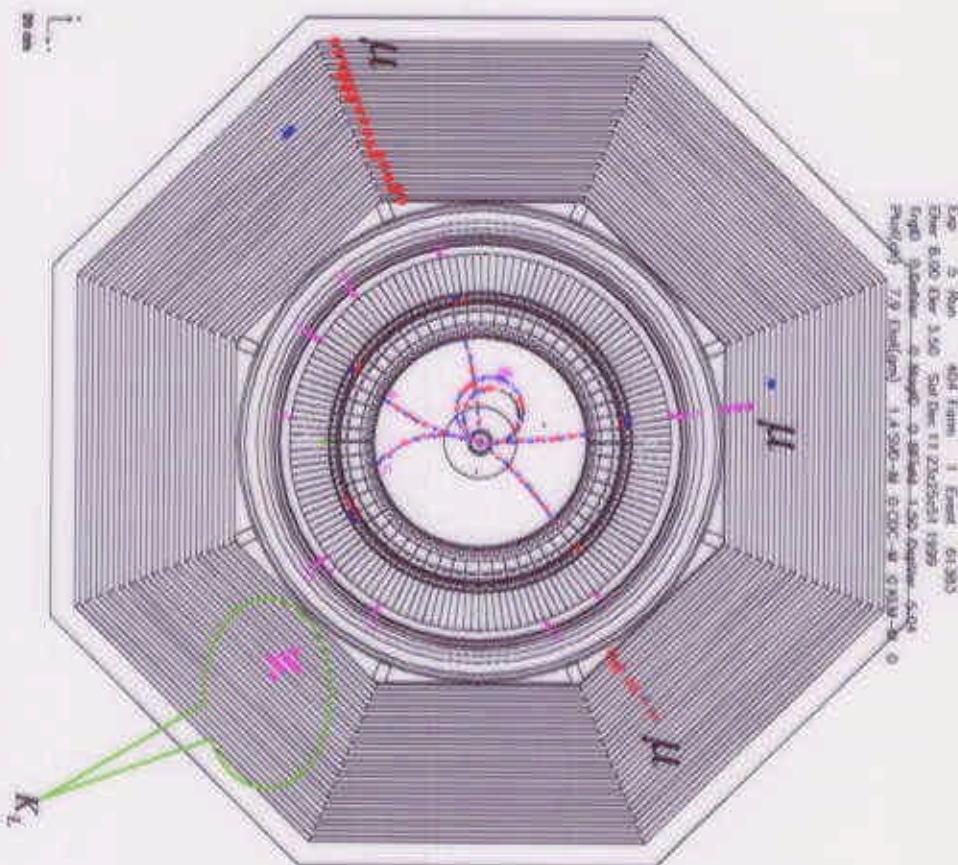
Events/(2 MeV/c²)



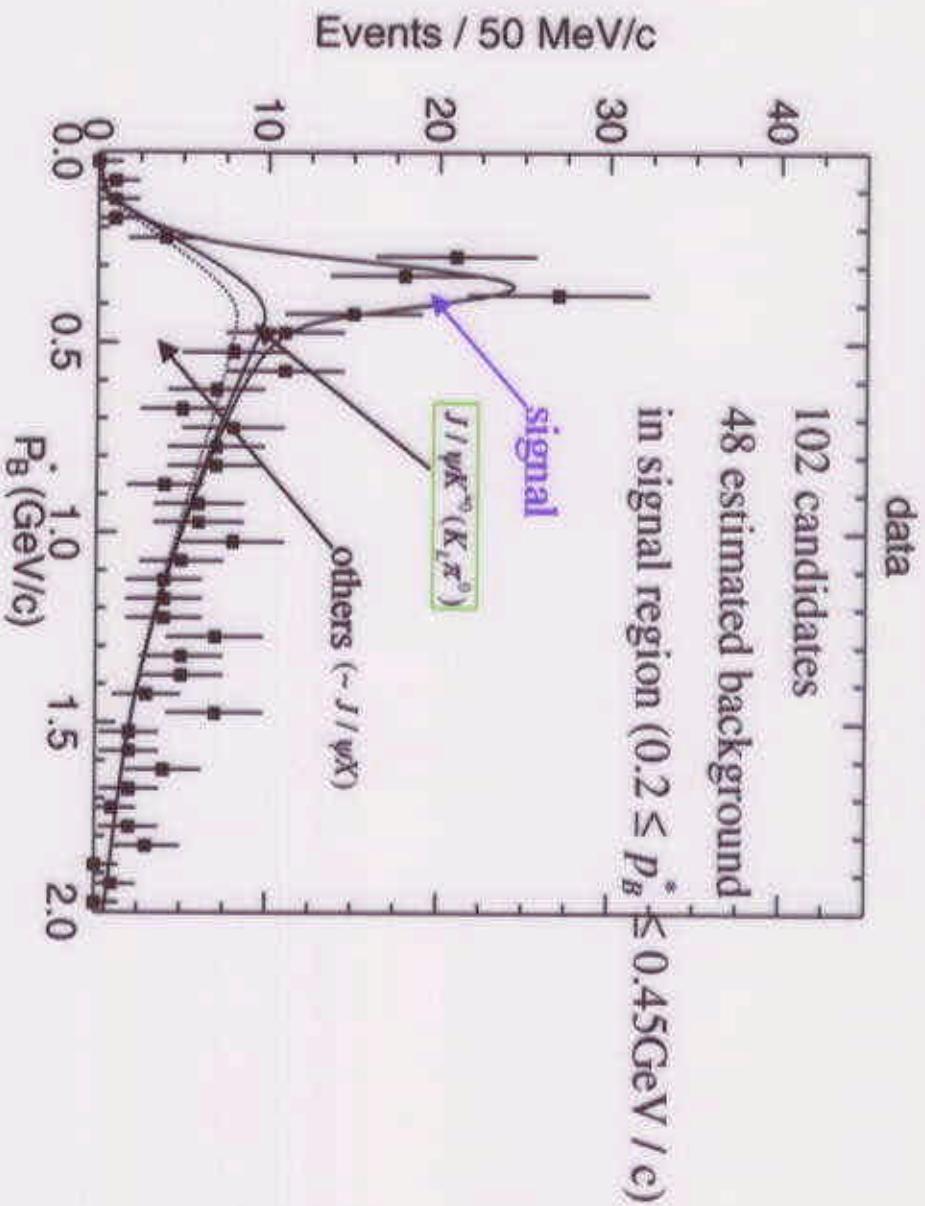


$B \rightarrow J/\psi K_L$ detection

- Two body decay \Rightarrow This reaction is uniquely identified through measurement of the J/ψ momentum and the K_L direction.
- Require $1.42 \leq p_{J/\psi}^* \leq 2.0$ GeV/c
- Calculate the B momentum in the center of mass system(\mathbf{P}_B^*) to see if it peaks at ~ 0.340 GeV/c



P_B^* distribution with the fit



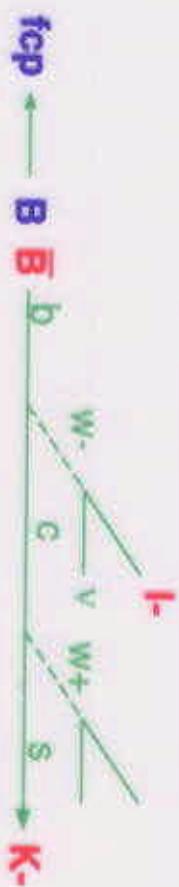
Expected shapes were obtained using Monte Carlo simulation.
Noise fraction was floated.



Flavor tagging



Kaon ID at Belle



Kaon ID is provided by :

$$\sigma(dE/dx) = 6.9\%$$

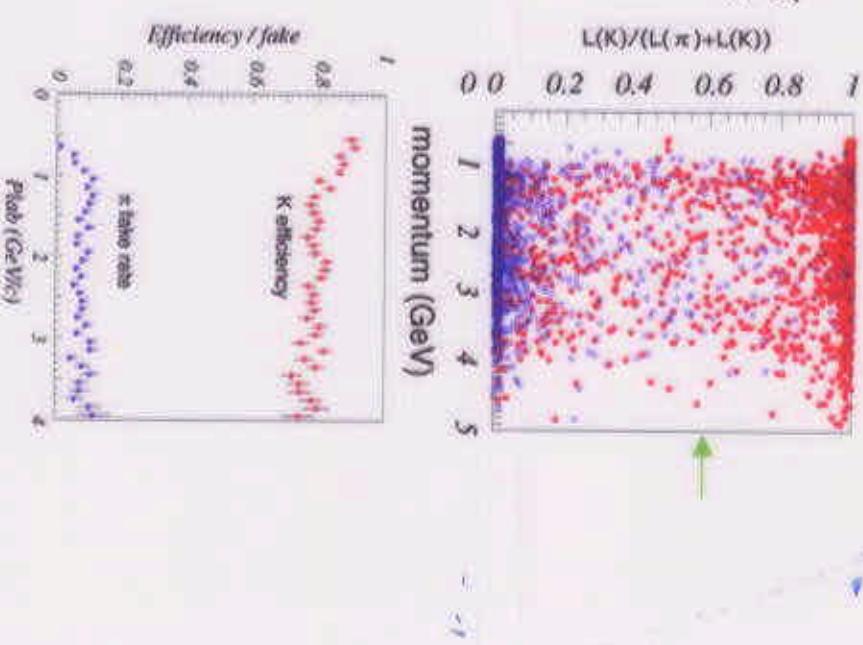
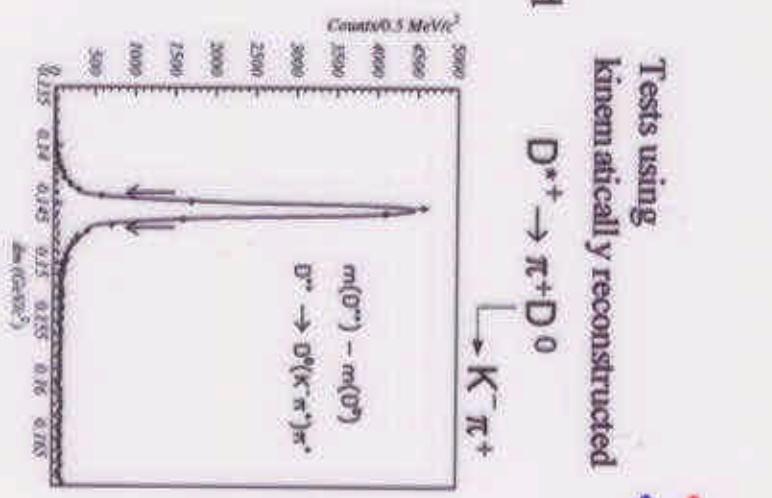
TOF resolution = 95ps (rms), and

aerogel Cherenkov counters.

Tests using
kinematically reconstructed

$$D^{*+} \rightarrow \pi^+ D^0$$

• K
• π

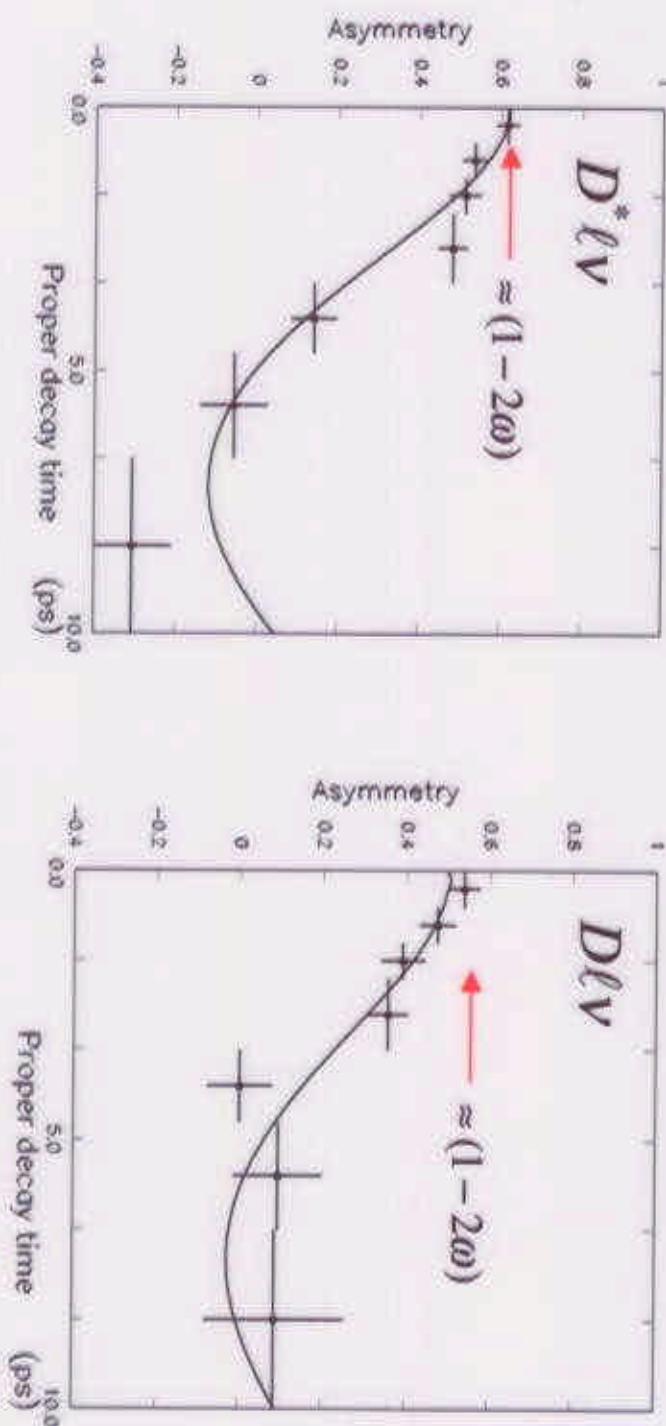




Estimation of wrong tag fraction ω

- Measure $B^0 - \overline{B^0}$ mixing using self-tagging B decay mode $B^0 \rightarrow D^*(D)\ell^+\nu$ + tagging of the other B

$$\text{Asym} = \frac{\text{Unmix} - \text{Mix}}{\text{Unmix} + \text{Mix}} = (1 - 2\omega) \cos \Delta m_d \Delta t \Rightarrow \omega$$

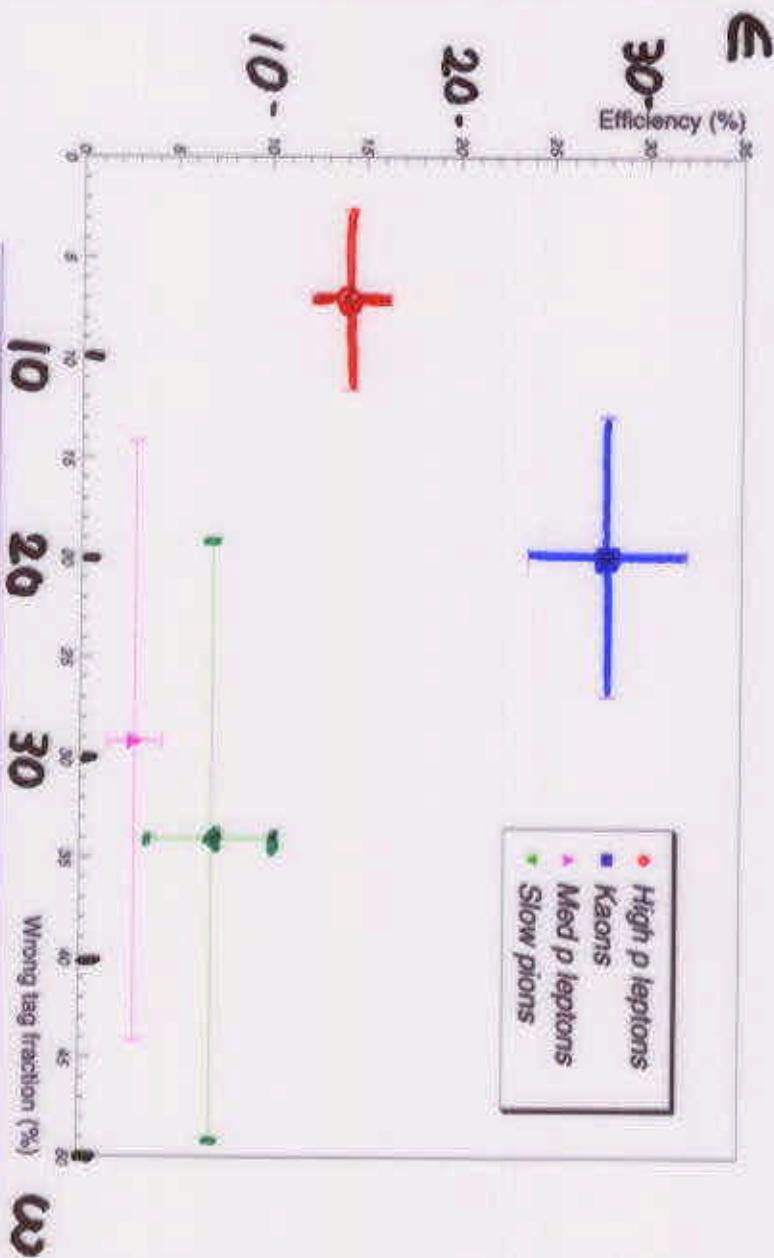


$\Delta m_d = 0.488 \pm 0.026 \text{ ps}^{-1}$ (Belle Preliminary)



Tagging methods

- High momentum $p^* \geq 1.1 \text{ GeV}/c$ lepton charge: $+ \Rightarrow \bar{b} \Rightarrow B^0$
- Kaon charge. $\sum Q_k + \Rightarrow \bar{b} \Rightarrow B^0$
- Medium momentum lepton charge. $p_l^* \geq 0.6 \text{ GeV}/c \cap p_l^* + p_\nu^* \geq 2.0 \text{ GeV}/c$
- Slow pions from D^* : $\pi^+ \Rightarrow \bar{B}^0$

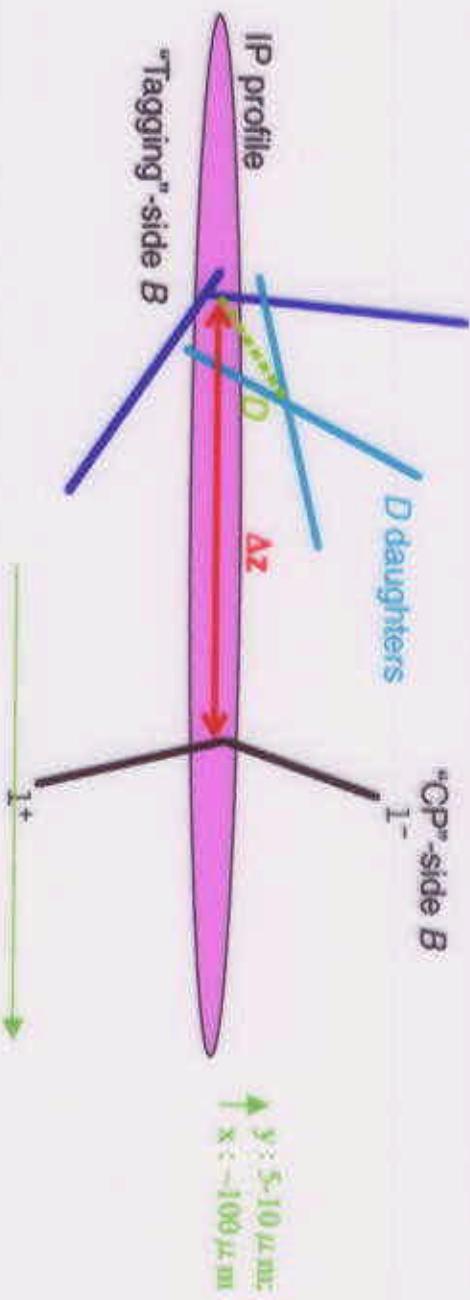




Proper time difference reconstruction



Proper-time difference reconstruction



- Tracks with SVD hits + Interaction Point (IP) constraint
- Z of CP side = Z of J/ψ : $\sigma_{Z_{\psi}} \sim 40 \mu\text{m}$ (MC)
- Z of tagging side = vertex of remaining tracks except long-lived particles such as K_S
 $\sigma_{Z_{tag}} \sim 85 \mu\text{m}$ (MC)
- Impact parameter resolutions: $\sigma_y = 21 \oplus 69 / (\rho \beta \sin^{3/2} \theta) \mu\text{m}$
 $\sigma_z = 41 \oplus 48 / (\rho \beta \sin^{3/2} \theta) \mu\text{m}$ (measured)
- Δt inferred from Δz : $\Delta t = \frac{\Delta z}{\beta c} = \frac{\Delta z}{0.425c}$ $\sigma_{\Delta z} \sim 100 \mu\text{m}$ (MC)

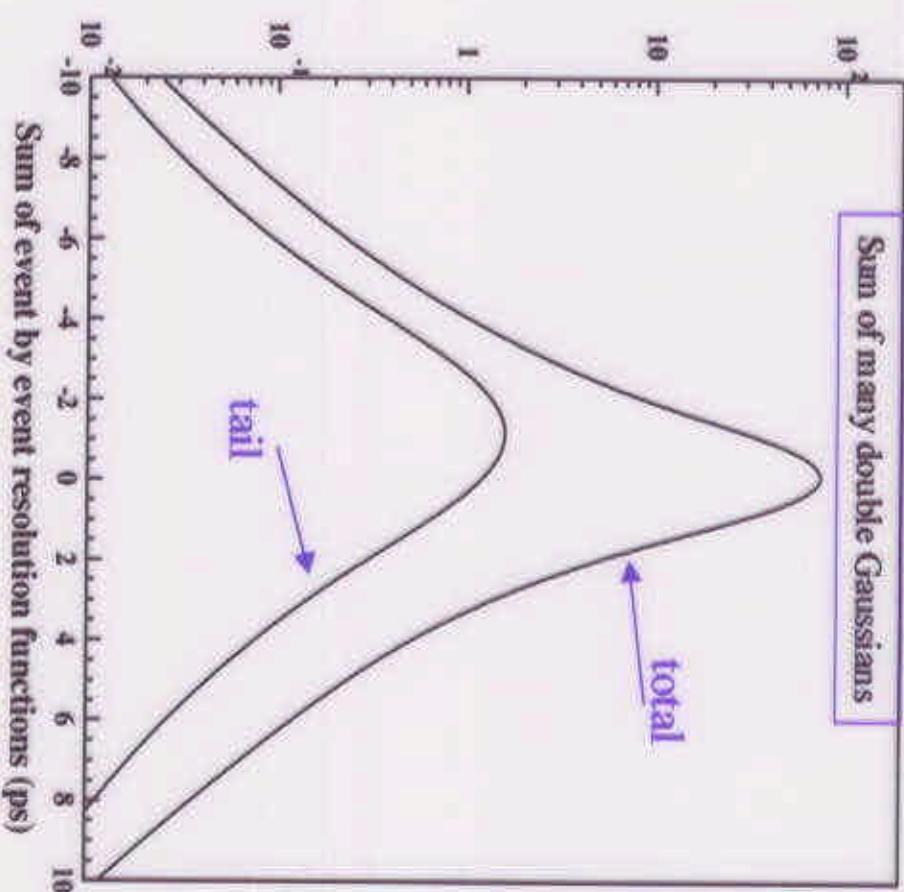


Δt resolution

- Resolution function is a double Gaussian (main + tail) whose μ 's and σ 's are also functions of event-by-event vertex error propagated from track error matrices.

- This complexity is to take into account intrinsic detector resolutions (main part), poorly-measured tracks, and bias due to charm contribution and the $\Delta z/\beta c = \Delta t$ approximation.

- The functional forms and parameters were determined by MC simulations and by multi-parameter fit to the data, in particular, $D^0 \rightarrow K\pi$ lifetime measurement in z direction and $B \rightarrow D^*\ell\nu$ lifetime measurement.



$$\begin{aligned}
 f_{\text{main}} &= 0.96; \langle \sigma_{\text{main}} \rangle \sim 1.11 \text{ ps} \\
 f_{\text{tail}} &= 0.04; \langle \sigma_{\text{tail}} \rangle \sim 2.24 \text{ ps} \\
 \langle \sigma_{\text{total}} \rangle &\sim 1.18 \text{ ps} \\
 \langle \mu \rangle &\sim -0.19 \text{ ps}
 \end{aligned}$$



B lifetime measurements

Validate resolution estimation

\overline{B}^0 lifetime measurements.

Mode	# of signal	Lifetime (ps)
$\overline{B}^0 \rightarrow D^{*+} \ell^- \bar{\nu}$	1740	$1.50 \pm 0.06^{+0.06}_{-0.04}$
$\overline{B}^0 \rightarrow D^{*+} \pi^-$	112	$1.55^{+0.18+0.10}_{-0.17-0.07}$
$\overline{B}^0 \rightarrow D^+ \pi^-$	187	$1.41^{+0.13}_{-0.12} \pm 0.07$
$\overline{B}^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \bar{K}^{*0}$	92	$1.56^{+0.22+0.09}_{-0.19-0.15}$
Combined	-	$1.50 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.07$ ↪
$\overline{B}^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S$	55	$1.54^{+0.28+0.11}_{-0.24-0.19}$

B^- lifetime measurements.

Mode	# of signal	Lifetime (ps)
$B^- \rightarrow D^{*0} \ell^- \bar{\nu}$	730	$1.54 \pm 0.10^{+0.14}_{-0.07}$
$B^- \rightarrow D^0 \pi^-$	440	$1.73 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.09$
$B^- \rightarrow J/\psi K^-$	293	$1.87^{+0.13+0.07}_{-0.12-0.14}$
Combined	-	$1.70 \pm 0.06^{+0.11}_{-0.16}$ ↩



CP fit



An unbinned maximum likelihood analysis

- Signal distribution:

$$\text{Sig}^{\text{tag}=\pm}(\Delta t) = \left\{ \frac{1}{2\tau_{B^0}} \exp\left(-\frac{|\Delta t|}{\tau_{B^0}}\right) \left[1 \pm (1 - 2\omega_{\text{tag}})\eta_j \sin 2\phi_i \sin(\Delta m_d \Delta t) \right] \right\}$$

$$\text{tag} = \begin{cases} + : B^0(\bar{b}d) \\ -: B^0(b\bar{d}) \end{cases}$$

- τ_{B^0} and Δm_d were fixed to PDG2000 numbers: $\tau_{B^0} = 1.548 \pm 0.032$ ps

$$\Delta m_d = 0.472 \pm 0.017 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

- Convolute with event-by-event resolution:

$$\rho_i(\Delta t_i) = P_{\text{sig}} \int \text{Sig}^{\text{tag}=\pm}(\Delta t') R(\Delta t - \Delta t') d\Delta t' + (1 - P_{\text{sig}}) \int Bkg(\Delta t) R(\Delta t - \Delta t') d\Delta t'$$

Likelihood function : $L(\sin 2\phi_i) = \prod_{i=1,n} \rho_i(\Delta t_i)$

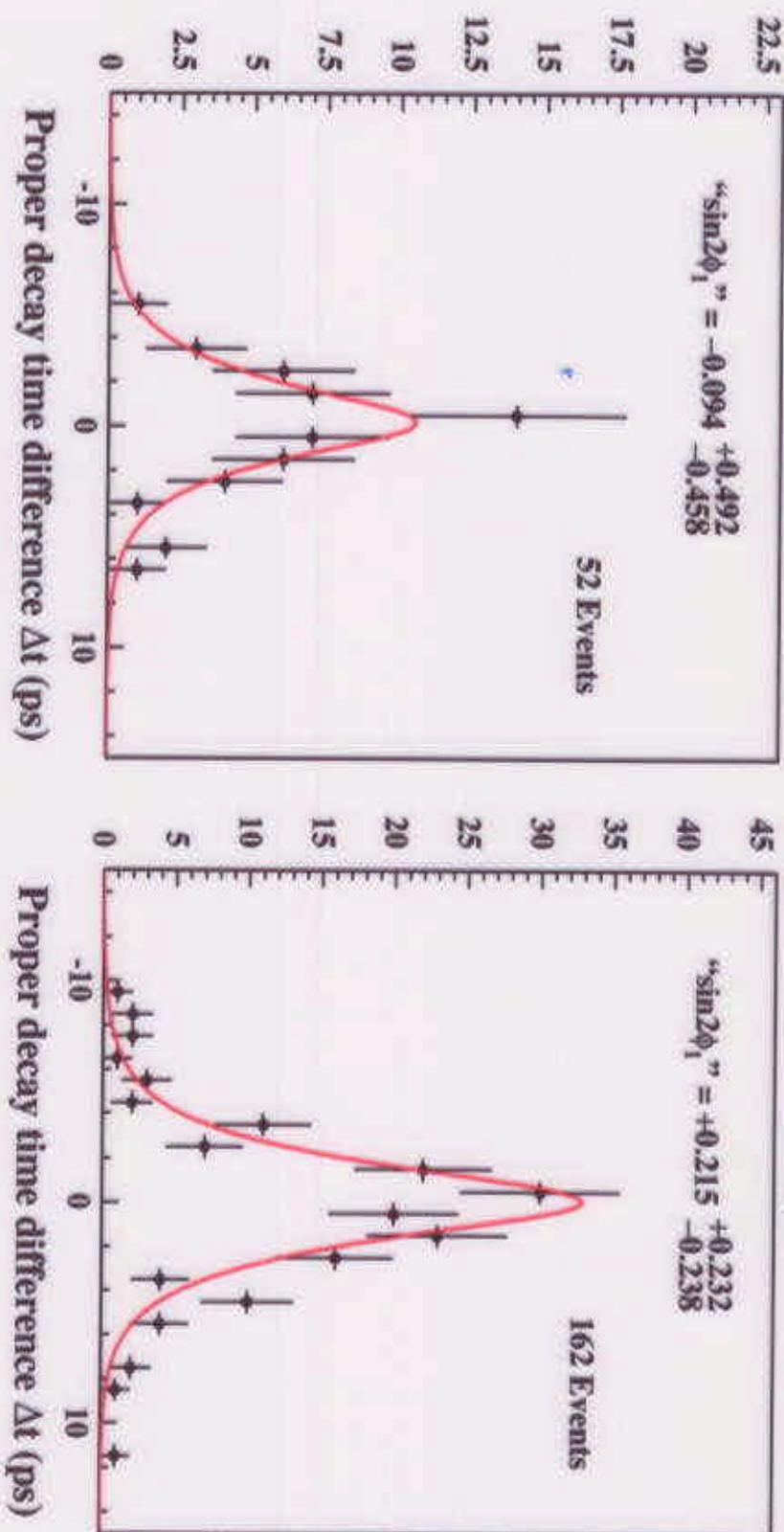
Minimize $-\ln L(\sin 2\phi_i)$ by scanning $\sin 2\phi_i$.



Fit to control samples

$J/\psi(K^+\pi^-)^{*\circ}$

$J/\psi K^+$

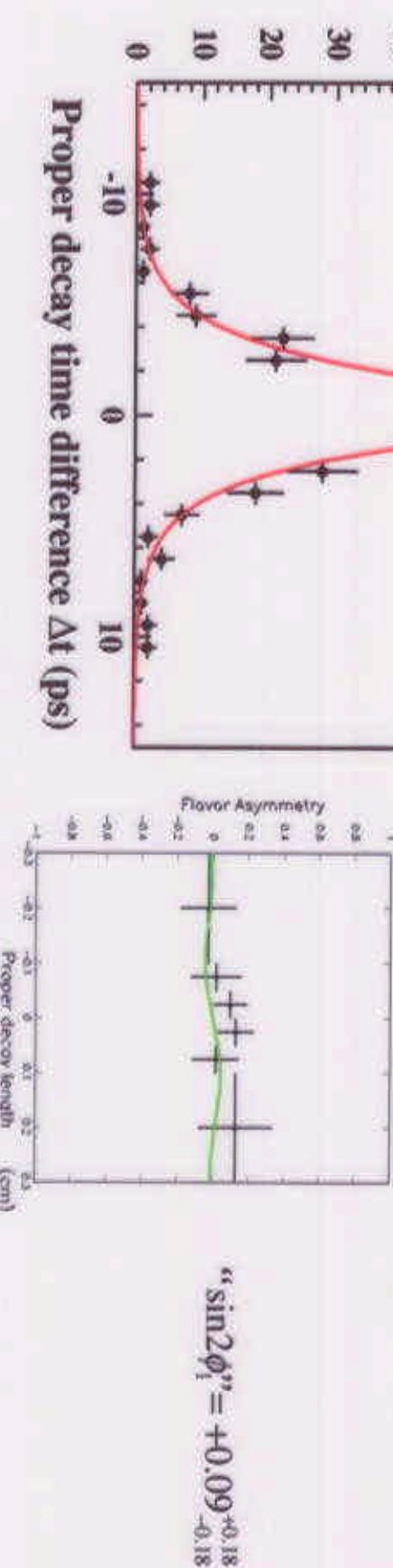
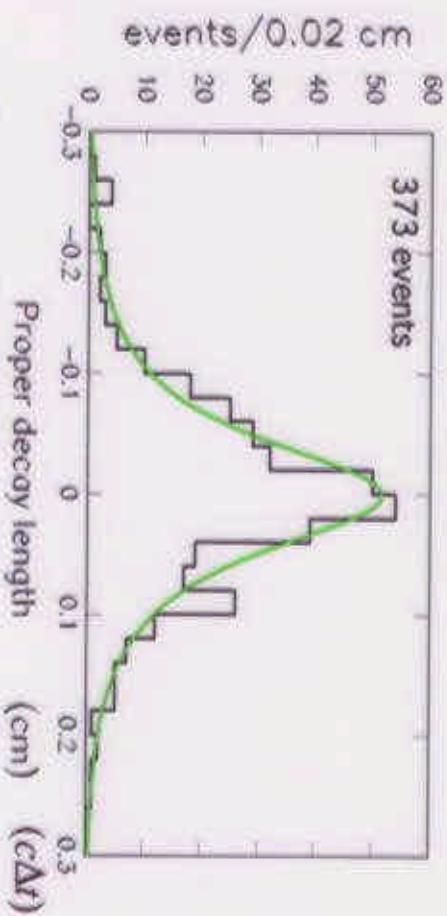
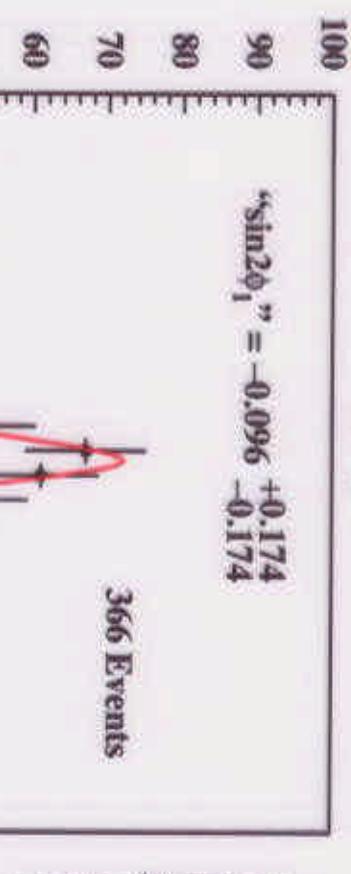


Asymmetry consistent with zero.



Fit to control samples (2)

$B^0 \rightarrow D^* \ell^+ \nu$



Asymmetry consistent with zero.

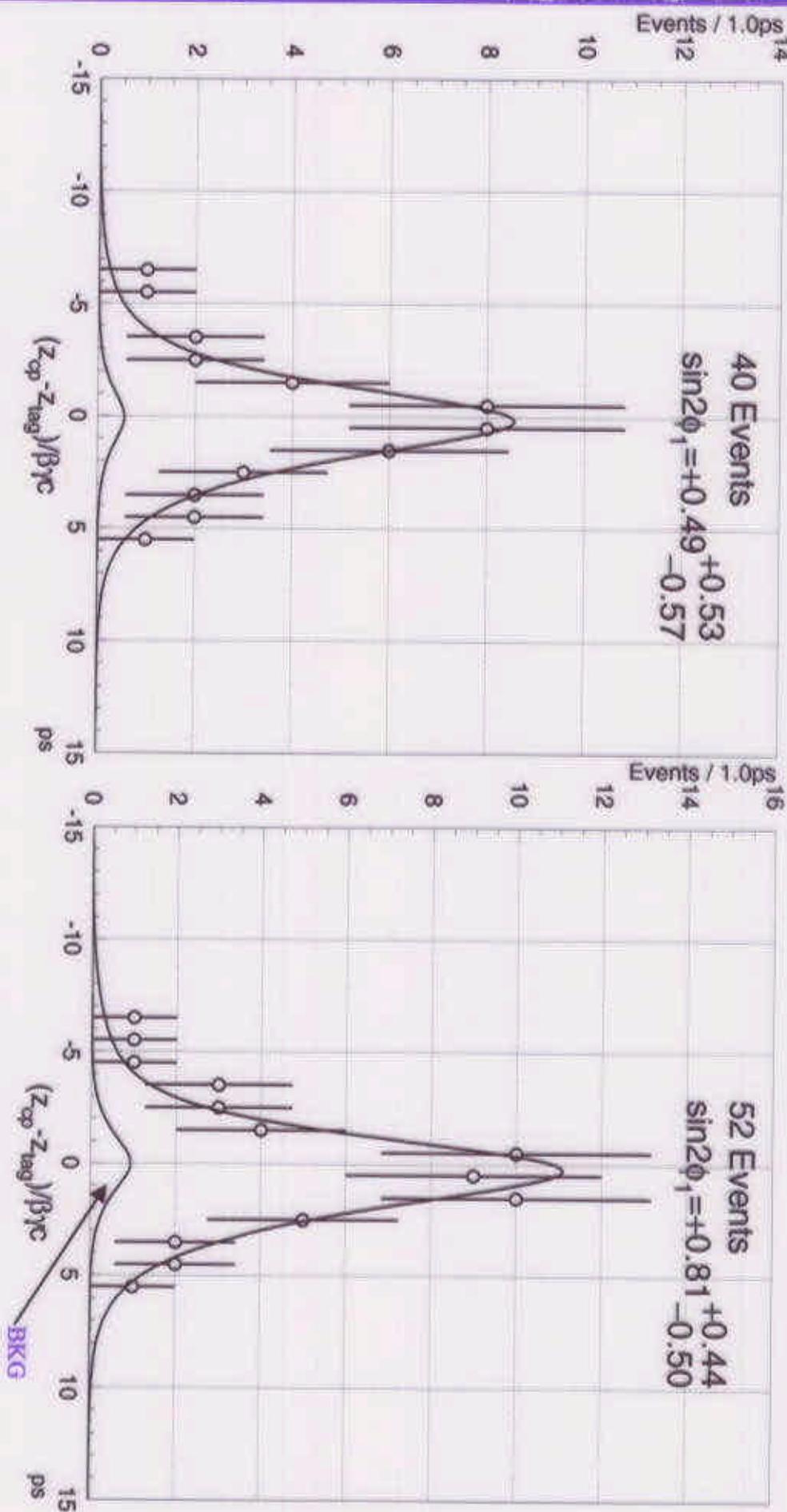
\mathcal{B}

CP fit to $CP=1$ states

Belle Preliminary

40 Events
 $\sin 2\phi_1 = +0.49^{+0.53}_{-0.57}$

52 Events
 $\sin 2\phi_1 = +0.81^{+0.44}_{-0.50}$



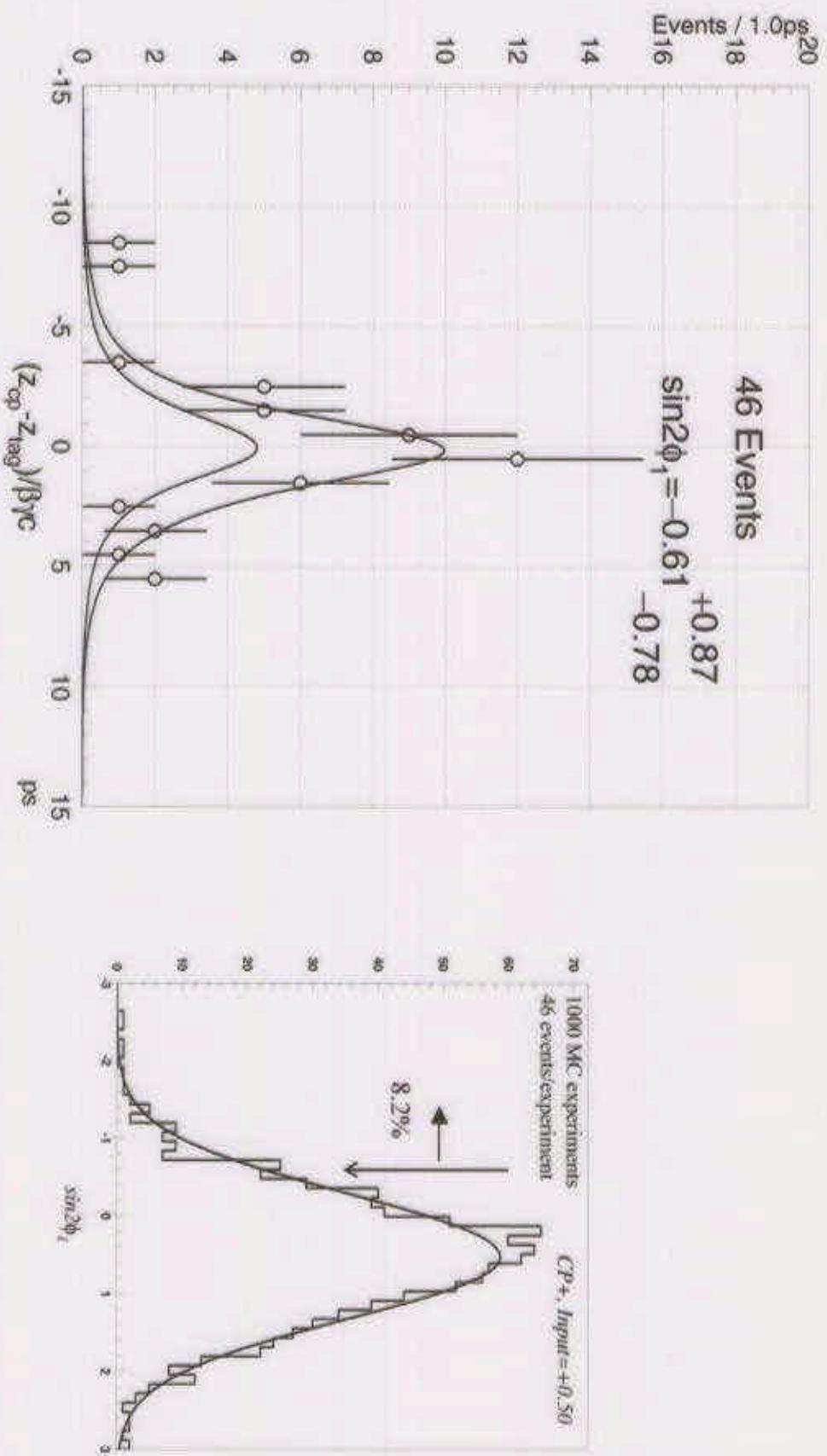
$J/\psi K_s(\pi^+\pi^-)$ only

All $CP=1$ modes



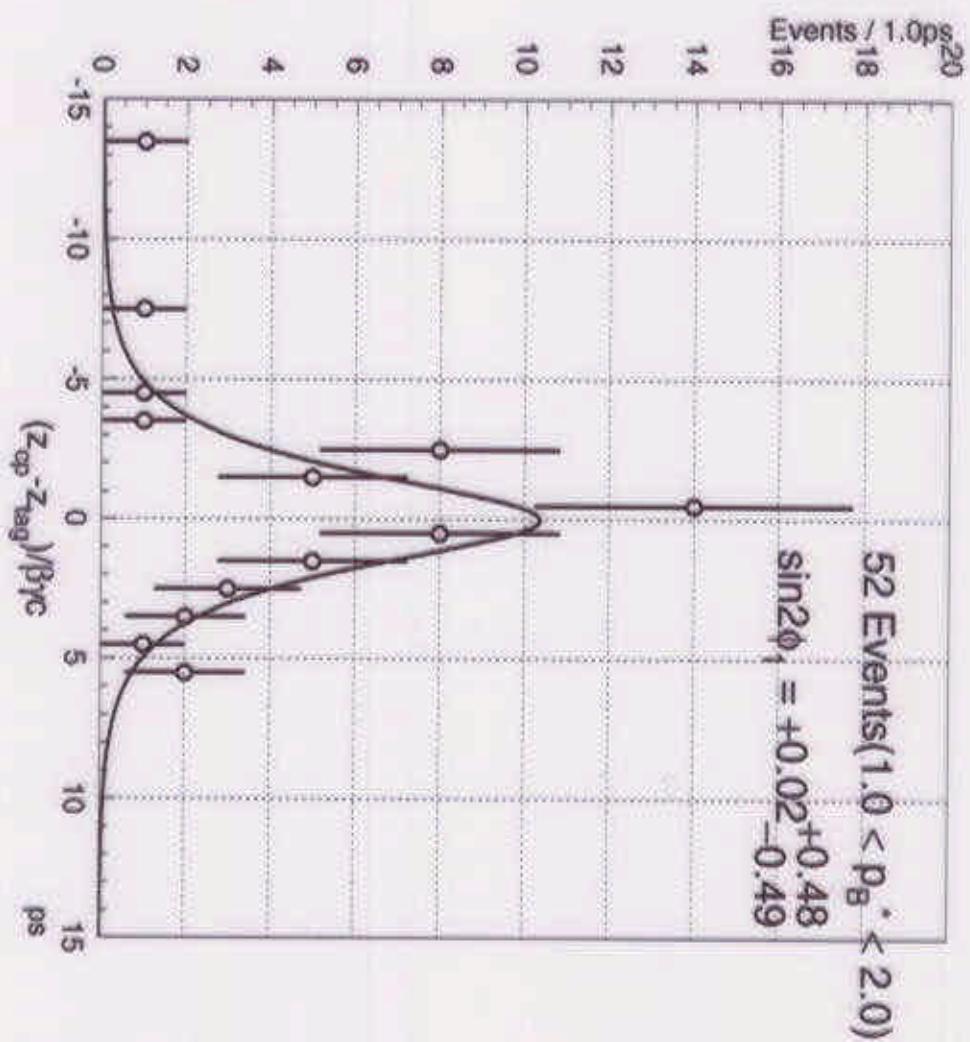
CP fit to $CP=+1$ states

Belle Preliminary
 $(J/\psi K_L + J/\psi \pi^0)$



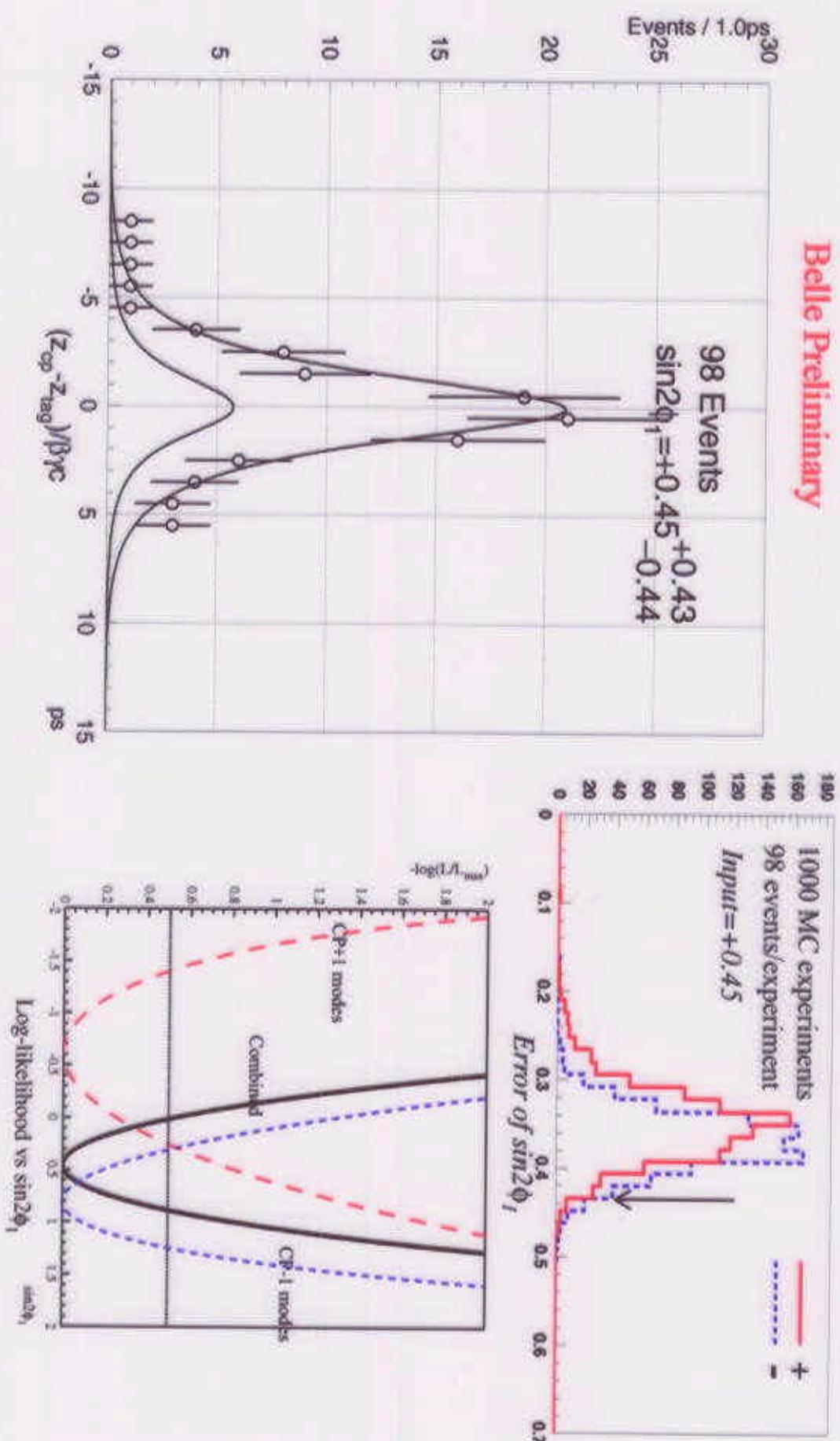


CP fit to K_L sideband





Combined CP fit



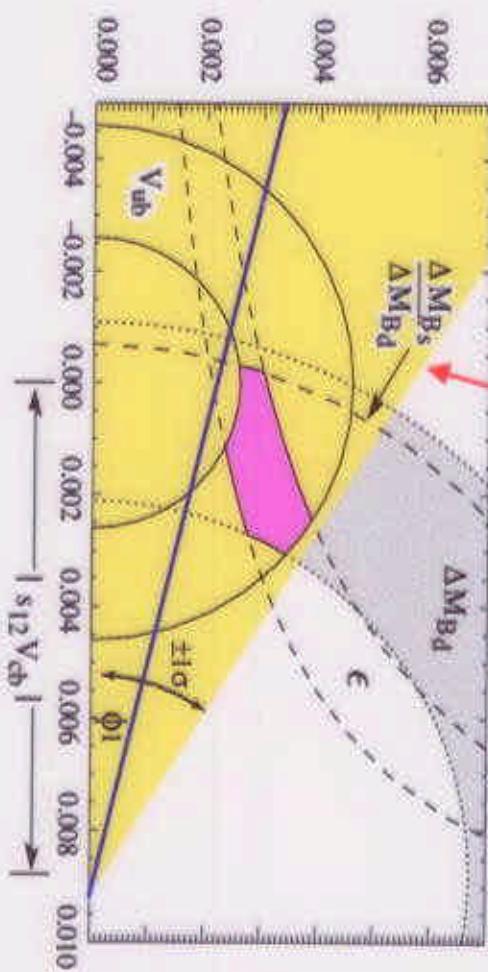


Result of CP fit

Systematic errors

Source	$\sigma +$	$\sigma -$
Wrong tag fraction	0.0495	-0.0660
Resolution for signal	0.0264	-0.0246
Resolution for background	0.0292	-0.0421
Background fraction/shape	0.0291	-0.0323
$\tau_\ell, \Delta m_\ell$	0.0054	-0.0056
IP profile	0.0041	-0.0000
Total	+0.0699	-0.0884

Belle $\pm 1\sigma$



Belle preliminary

$$\sin 2\phi_1 = 0.45^{+0.43}_{-0.44} (\text{stat})^{+0.07}_{-0.09} (\text{syst})$$

à la PDG2000



Conclusion/Prospect

- We had a very successful 99-00 running period which produced 17 contributed papers.
 - We have presented a measurement of $\sin 2\phi_1$ based on $\int L dt = 6.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ **on $\gamma e \gamma e$**
collected at KEKB.
We find
- $\sin 2\phi_1 = 0.45^{+0.44}_{-0.45} \text{ (stat + syst)}$
- Belle Preliminary**
- Other modes including
 $J/\psi K^*$ ($K_S \pi^0$) 16 events
are in stock.
tagged $D^* D$ 17 events
 $J/\psi K_1(1270) \rightarrow J/\psi K^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$ 5 events
(Paper#278)
 - More tagging methods in stock.
 - After many engineering improvements KEKB will resume run with **higher currents** in October and run till summer 2001.