

# Search for Standard Model Higgs Boson at LEP

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- Introduction
- SM Higgs Production and Decay
- Search Topologies
- Results ( Data/MC; Mass Plots )
- Statistical Methods and Limits on  $m_H$
- Conclusion

## Preliminary Remarks

**I will focus on results obtained with the LEP data, taken during 1999 at  $\sqrt{s} = 192 - 202$  GeV.**

**Results from Y2K data will be covered by other talks.**

## Introduction

- **Why do we need Higgs boson ?**
  - $W^{\pm}, Z^0$  obtain masses via Higgs mechanism ( Spontaneous Symmetric Breaking )
  - Fermions obtain masses via Yukawa coupling to Higgs boson
- **Higgs boson is the only particle not discovered in the Standard Model**
- **EW fit favors light Higgs boson (LEPC of July 20, 2000)**

$$M_H \leq 170 \text{ GeV} \quad @95\%CL$$

## Introduction

- **LEP Experiments:**

**ALEPH, DELPHI, L3, OPAL**

- **LEP runs:**

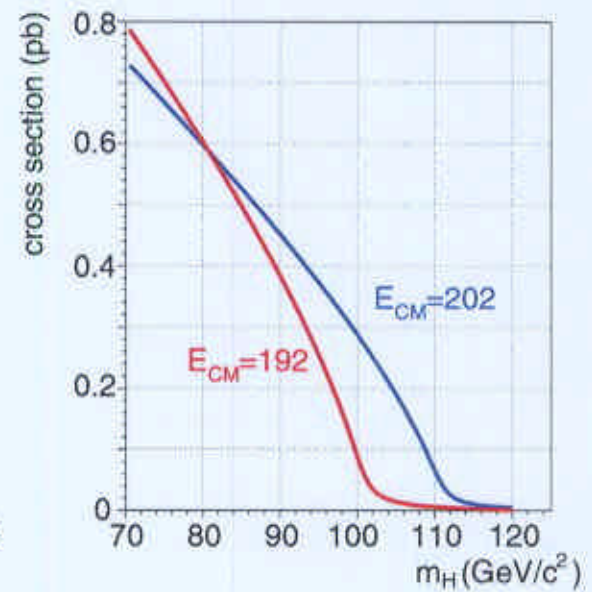
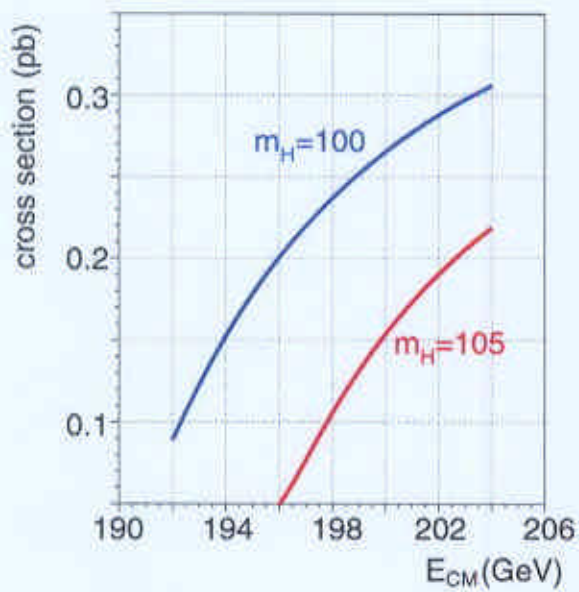
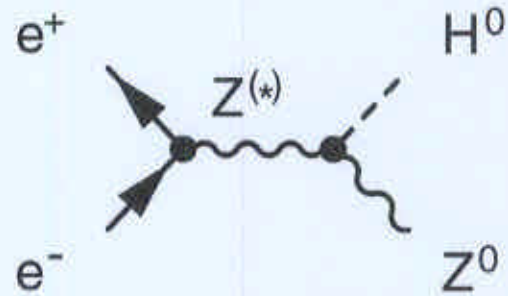
**Delivered integrated luminosity per experiment**

	$\sqrt{s}$ (GeV)	$\int Ldt$ (pb <sup>-1</sup> )
<b>LEP 1</b> 1989-1995	~ 91	160
<b>LEP 1.5</b> Fall 1995&1997	130-136	12
<b>LEP 2</b> 1996	161-172	20
1997	183	60
1998	189	185
<b>1999</b>	<b>192-202</b>	<b>230</b>

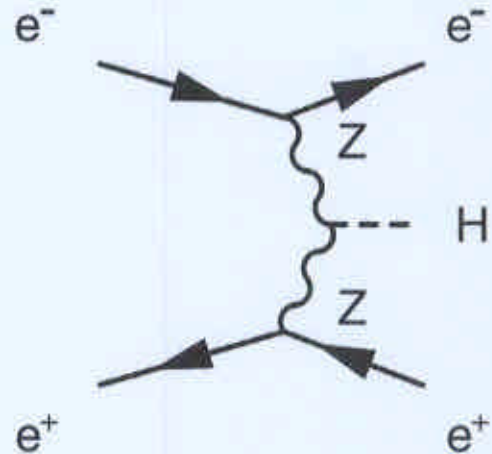
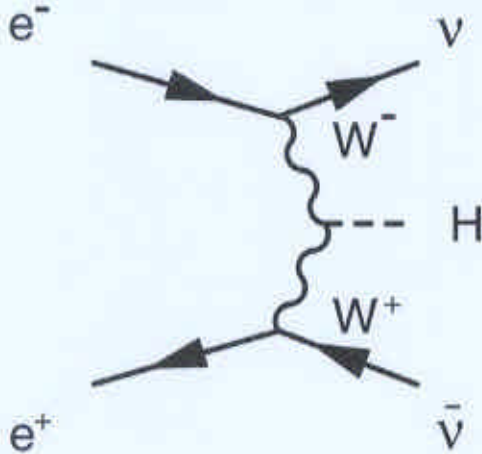


# SM Higgs Production

Dominant production mechanism is Higgs-strahlung.



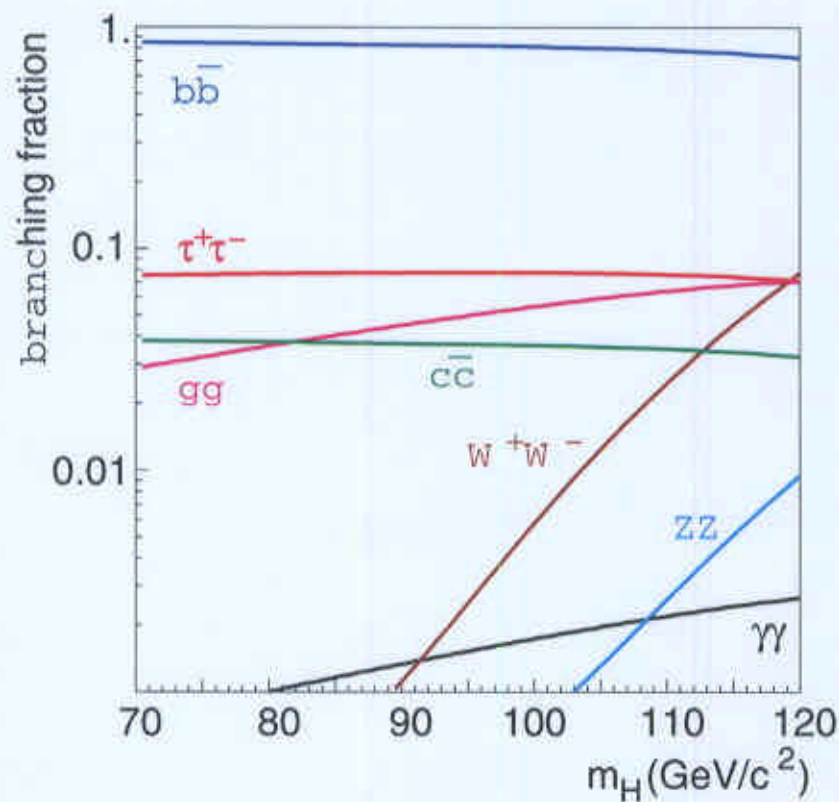
Small contributions from WW- and ZZ- fusion



Become important if  $m_H$  is close to threshold.

## SM Higgs Decay

Higgs couples most strongly to massive particles.

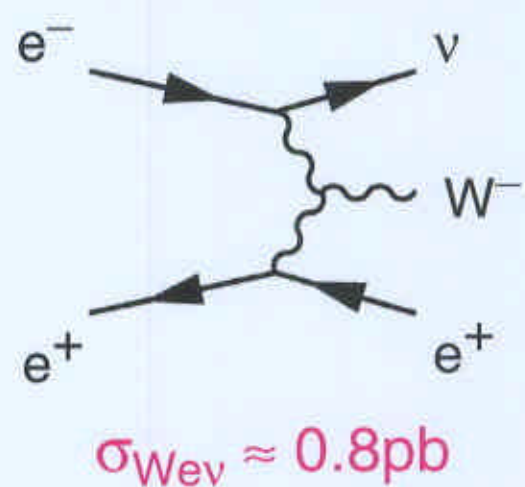
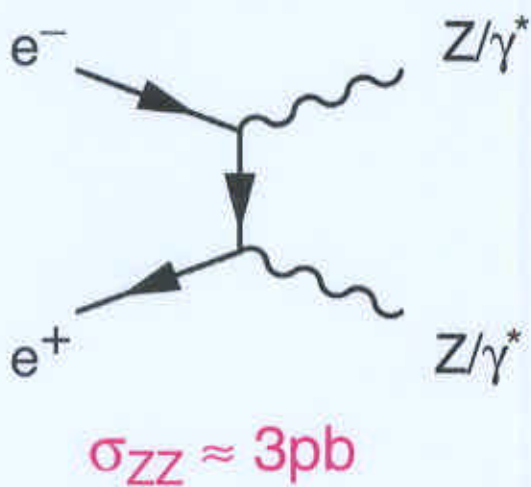
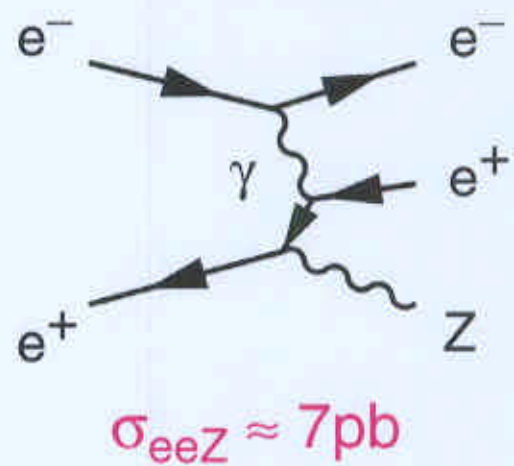
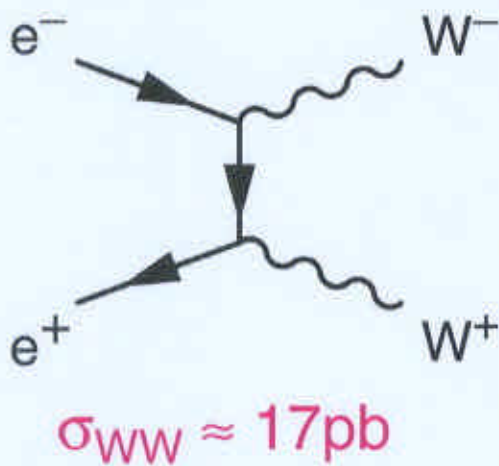
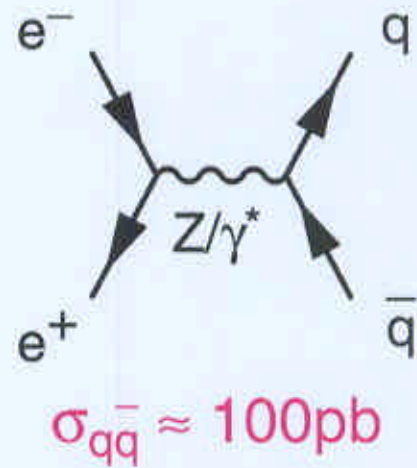
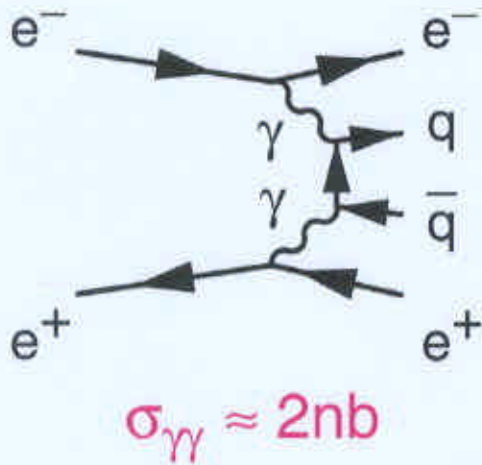


$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  (80~90%),  $\tau^+\tau^-$  (~8%)

$Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}, \nu\bar{\nu}, l^+l^-, \tau^+\tau^-$

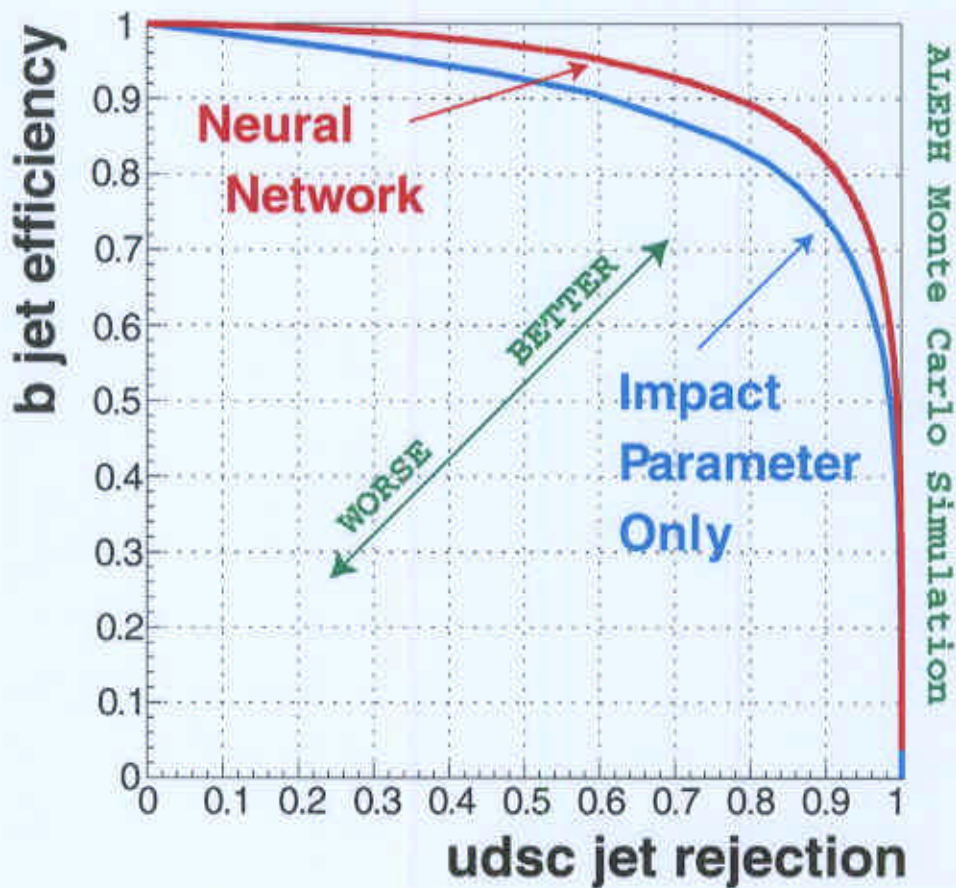
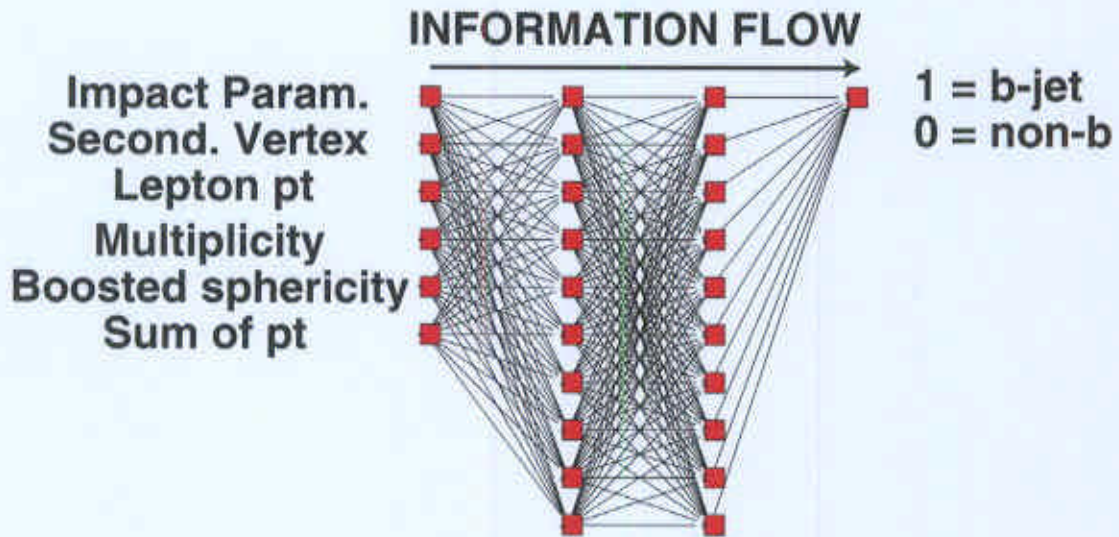
Use b-tagging to reduce background.

## Backgrounds





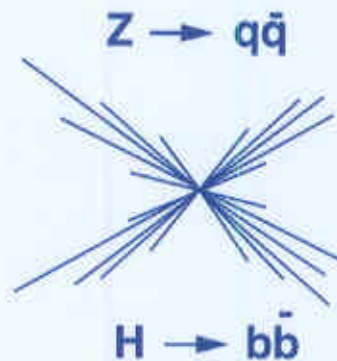
## b-tagging



at 90% rejection, neural network has  
~ 8% better b-jet efficiency



## Topologies — 4 jets



**BR ~ 65%**

- **4 jet events**
- **One pair compatible with  $M_Z$**

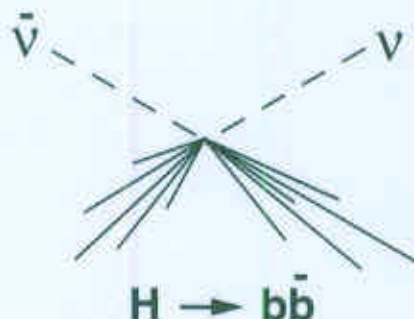
4C or 5C fit to improve energy and mass resolutions

- **2 b jets or 4 b jets**
- **Treatment of HZ/hA overlap**

**Number of Selected Events ( $\sqrt{s} = 192\text{-}202$  GeV)**

	ALEPH	DELPHI	L3	OPAL	Total
Data	<b>30</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>296</b>
MC	<b>46.4</b>	<b>175.4</b>	<b>73.5</b>	<b>27.7</b>	<b>323.0</b>

## Topologies — $H\nu\bar{\nu}$



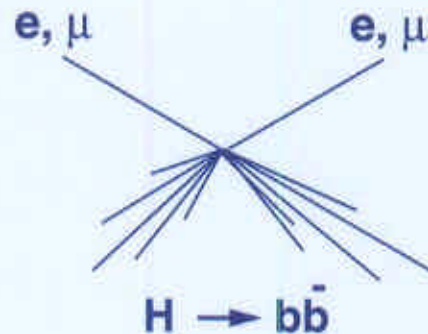
**BR ~ 20%**

- **Missing energy**
- **2 acoplanar b jets**
- **Recoil mass of b jets compatible with  $M_Z$**

**Number of Selected Events ( $\sqrt{s} = 192\text{-}202$  GeV)**

	ALEPH	DELPHI	L3	OPAL	Total
Data	<b>7</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>278</b>
MC	<b>11.0</b>	<b>105.7</b>	<b>145.0</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>271.0</b>

## Topologies — $Hll$



**BR ~ 6.7%**

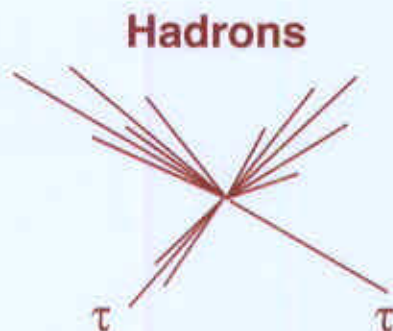
- **2 energetic, isolated  $l$**
- **$M_{ll} = M_Z$**
- **Good reconstructed  $M_H$  resolution**

$M_H =$  Recoil mass of 2 lepton

**Number of Selected Events ( $\sqrt{s} = 192\text{-}202$  GeV)**

	ALEPH	DELPHI	L3	OPAL	Total
Data	<b>26</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>90</b>
MC	<b>28.5</b>	<b>20.8</b>	<b>29.4</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>86.8</b>

## Topologies — $\tau\tau qq$



**BR ~ 9%**

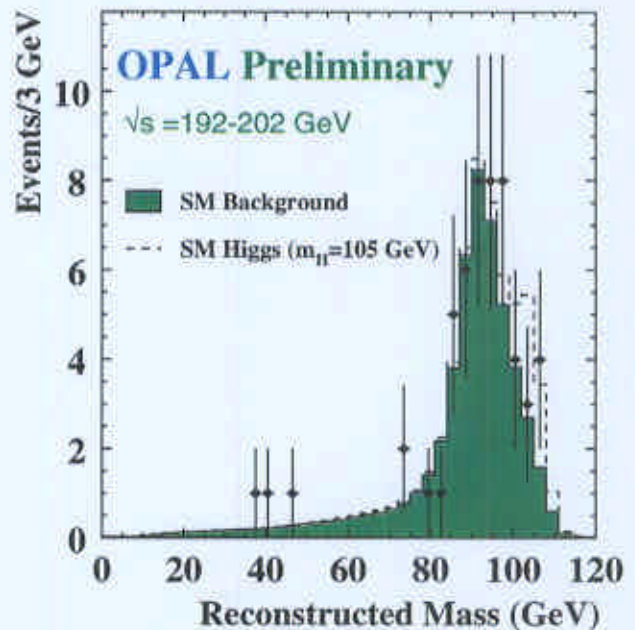
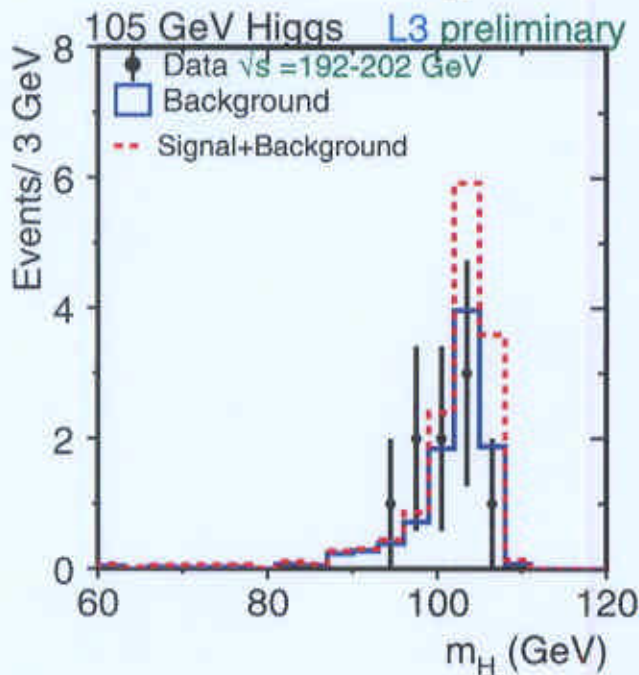
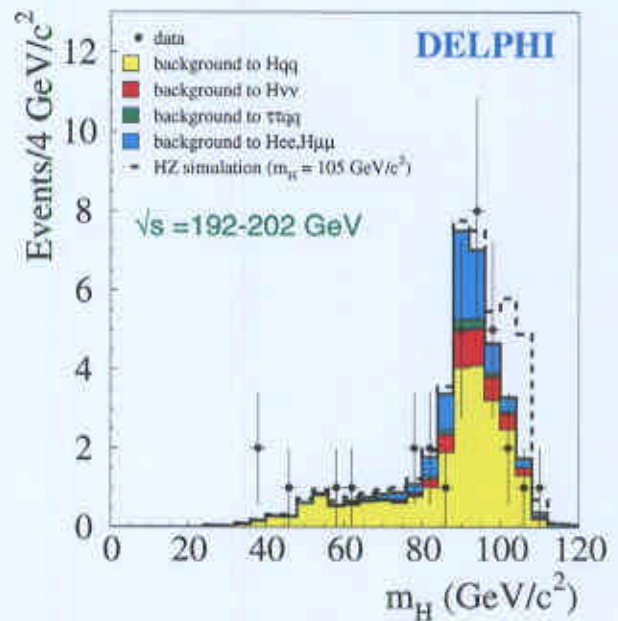
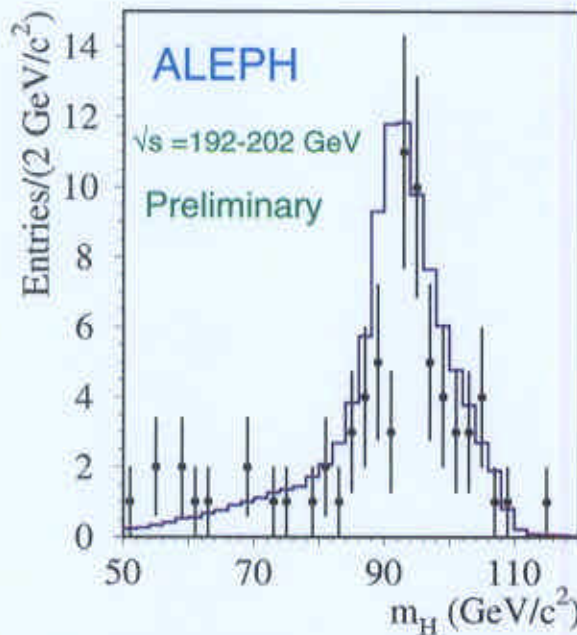
- **$2\tau + 2$  jets**
- **$M_{\tau\tau}$  or  $M_{qq} = M_Z$**
- **Treatment of HZ/hA overlap**

**Number of Selected Events ( $\sqrt{s} = 192\text{-}202$  GeV)**

	ALEPH	DELPHI	L3	OPAL	Total
Data	<b>11</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>40</b>
MC	<b>11.9</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>22.3</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>47.5</b>



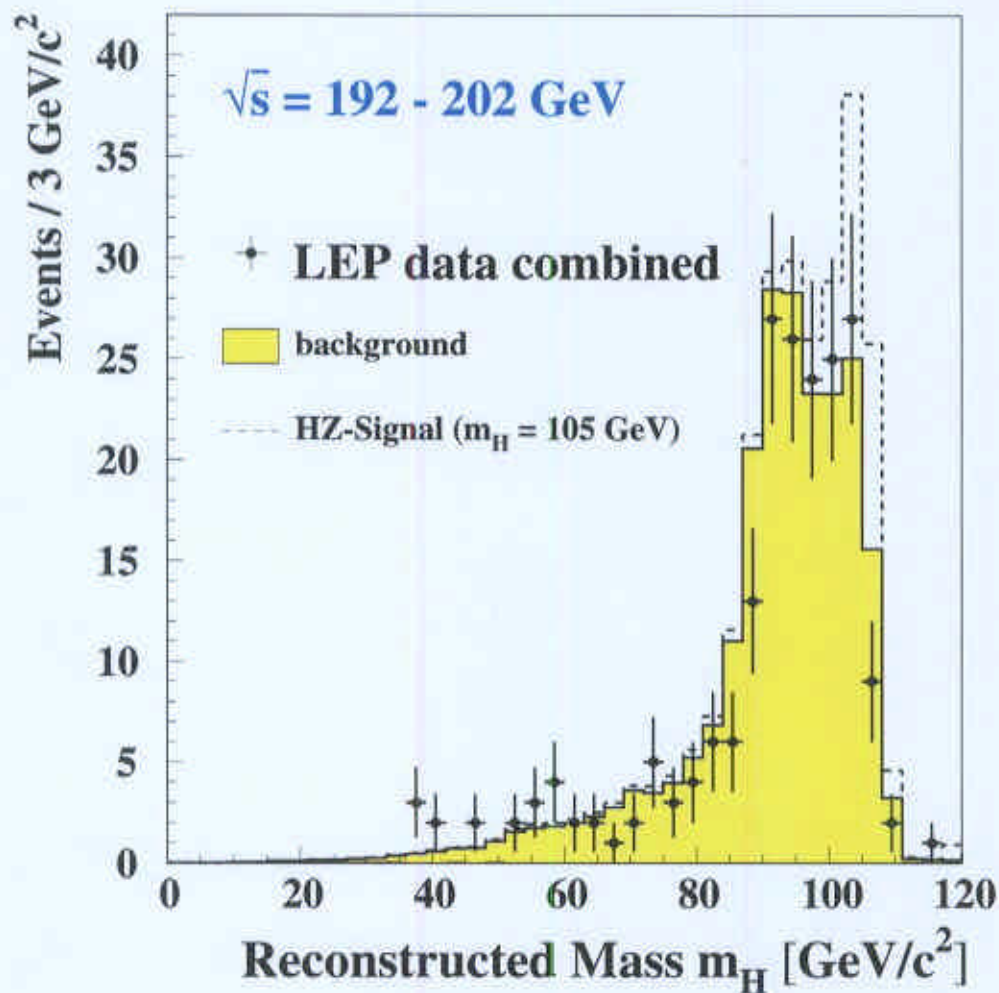
# Mass Plots



Number of Selected Events in All Channels ( $\sqrt{s}=192-202\text{GeV}$ )

	ALEPH	DELPHI	L3	OPAL	Total
Data	74	294	283	53	704
MC	97.8	308.8	270.7	51.5	728.8

## LEP Combined Mass Plot



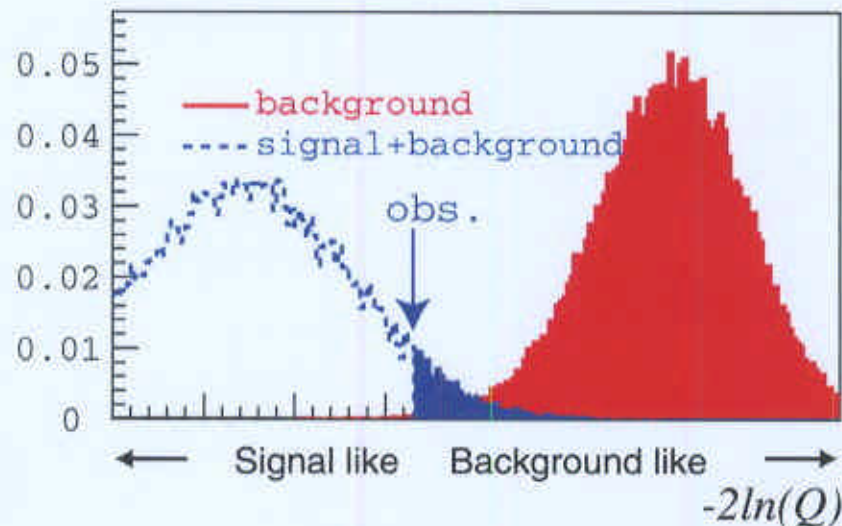
### LEP Combined mass plot for SM Higgs :

With supplementary requirement that the contributions from the four experiments be roughly equal

For illustration only

Do not draw quantitative conclusions

## Confidence Levels



- **Estimator (Test-statistic):**

An **Estimator** is a value to quantify the "signal-ness" of an observation

$$X = -2\ln(Q)$$

$$\text{where } Q = L(s+b) / L(b)$$

- **Definition of  $CL_{s+b}$  and  $CL_b$  :**

Given an observed value of the estimator  $X_{observed}$ , calculate confidence levels on the Signal+Background and Background-only hypotheses —

$$CL_{s+b} = P ( X_{s+b} \geq X_{observed} )$$

$$CL_b = P ( X_b \geq X_{observed} )$$



## $CL_s$ Calculation

### Two methods to define $CL_s$

#### (A) Generalized Bayesian Method:

$$CL_s = \frac{CL_{s+b}}{CL_b}$$

Used in DELPHI, L3, OPAL and LEP combined results  
(See A. Read, CERN 2000-005)

#### (B) Signal Estimator Method:

$$CL_s = CL_{s+b} + (1-CL_b) e^{-s}$$

Used in ALEPH results  
(See S. Jin and P. McNamara, Physics/9812030,  
CERN 2000-005)

— Both methods satisfy:

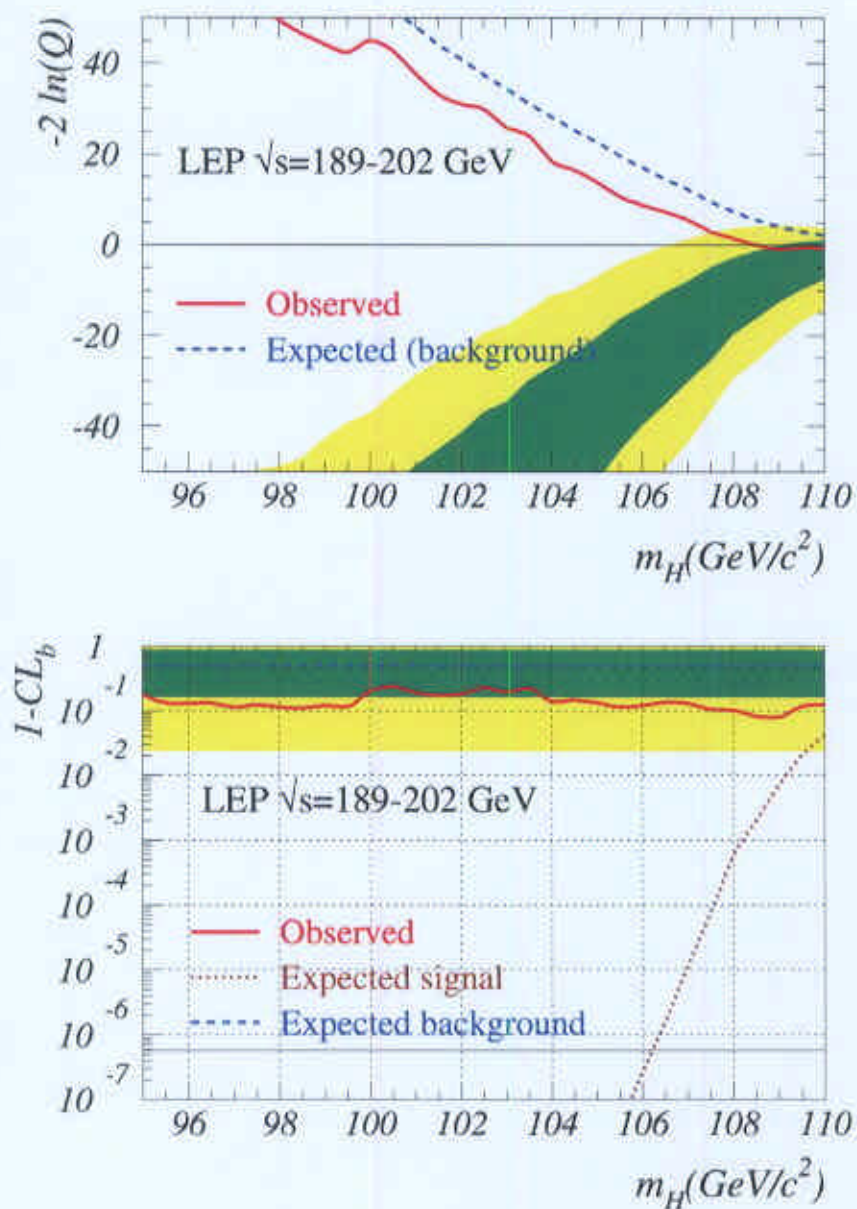
$$CL_s = e^{-s} \quad \text{for } 0 \text{ event observed}$$

which is independent of background expectation

— Signal Estimator method gives  $\sim 0.5$  GeV better sensitivity for the exclusion on  $m_H$  than Generalized Bayesian method.

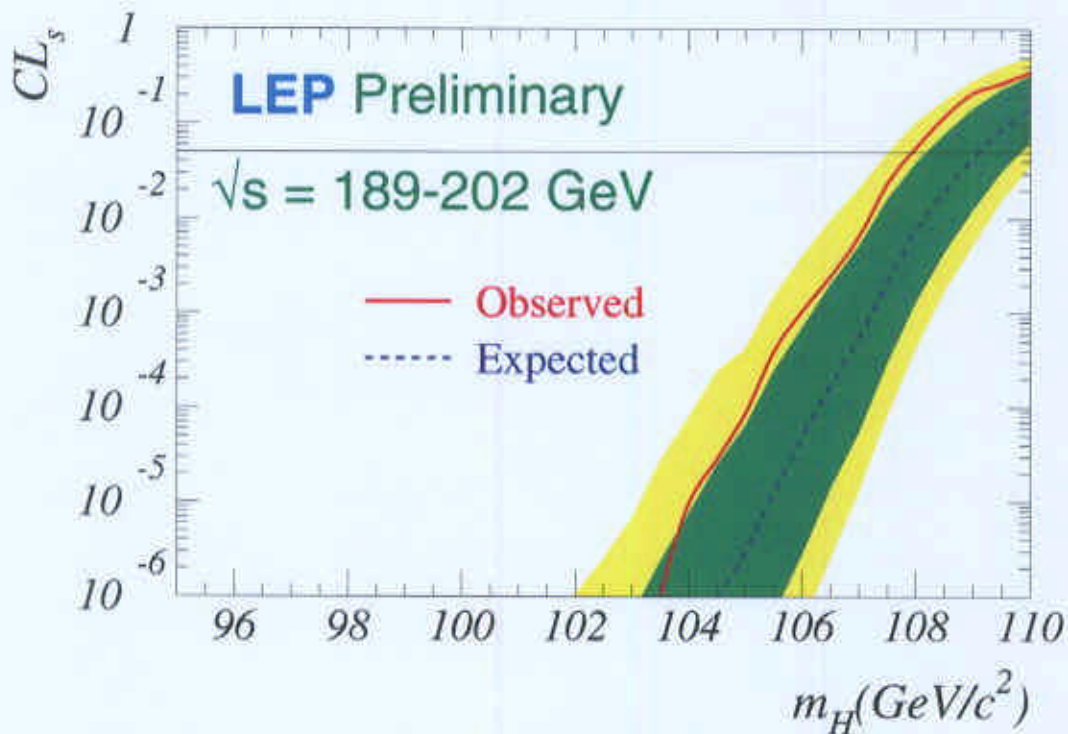


## Likelihood Ratio and $CL_b$



- Slight overall excess:  $\sim 1\sigma$   
No evidence for signal
- Expected  $1 - CL_b$  from s+b Gedanken experiments shows  $5\sigma$  discovery potential for  $m_H \leq 106.3 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

## Lower Limits on $m_H$



- **LEP Combined Limits at 95% CL :**  
 Observed :  $m_H \geq 107.9 \text{ GeV}/c^2$   
 Expected :  $m_H \geq 109.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- **95% CL limits on  $m_H$  ( $\text{GeV}/c^2$ ) from each experiment**

	ALEPH	DELPHI	L3	OPAL
Observed	107.7	106.1	107.0	103.0
Expected	107.8	105.7	105.0	105.2

- \* The expected limit is calculated from background-only hypotheses, which represents the sensitivity of an experiment.

## Conclusion

- **No evidence for SM Higgs in 1999 data collected at LEP**
- **LEP Combined Limits on  $m_H$  at 95% CL :**

**Observed :**      $m_H \geq 107.9 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

**Expected :**      $m_H \geq 109.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$