

First Results from $\phi \rightarrow K_L K_S$ Decays with the KLOE detector

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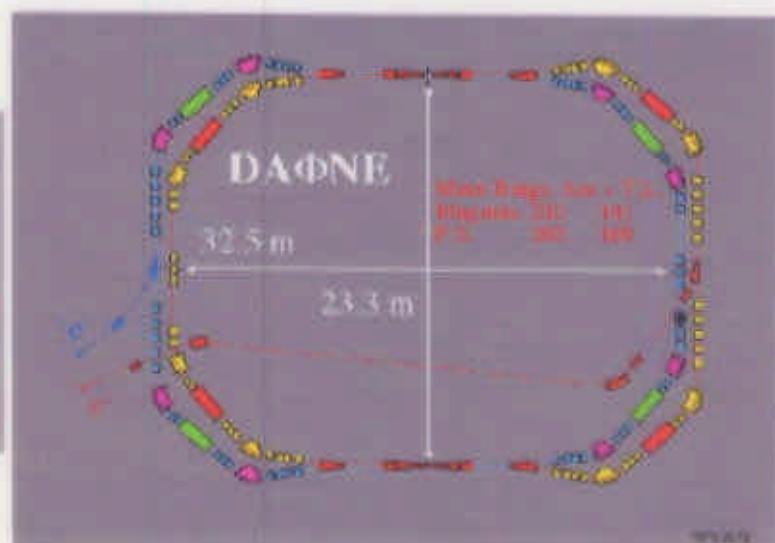
on behalf of the KLOE collaboration

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Parallel session PA-06
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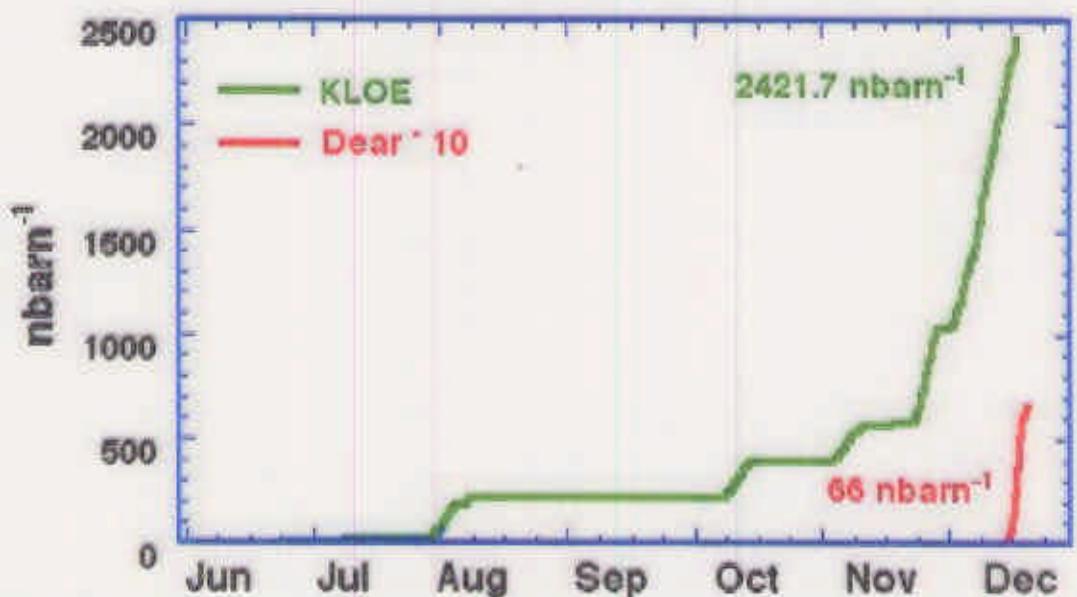


DAΦNE φ-factory came into operation in april 1999 and delivered $\sim 2.4 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ to the KLOE experiment during its commissioning

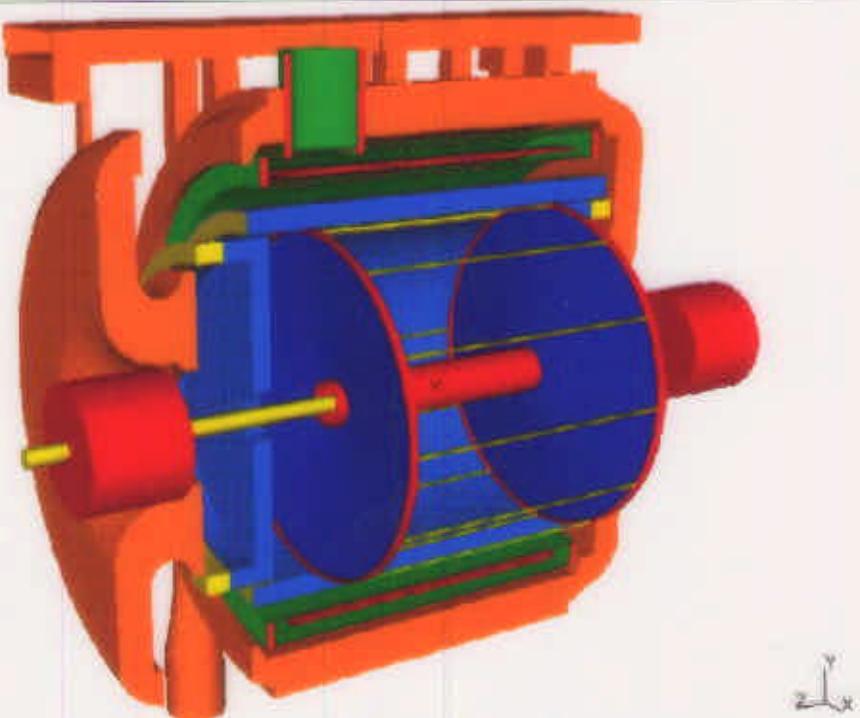
20 + 20 bunches
 300 mA per beam
 $\mathcal{L} \sim 2 \cdot 10^{30} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 ~ 30 min lifetime
 φ boosted by ~ 12 MeV



1999 DAFNE Integrated Luminosity



The KLOE detector



• **Drift chamber:** $25 < \rho < 195$ cm ; $|z| < 160$ cm

90%He-10%Isobutane 12582 drift cells

$$\sigma_{R\phi} = 140 \text{ } \mu\text{m} \quad \Delta p/p = 0.3\% \text{ at } 500 \text{ MeV}$$

• **Calorimeter:** Pb-SciFi $15 x_0$

$$\sigma_E/E = 5.7\% / \sqrt{E} \oplus 0.6\%$$

$$\sigma_t = 50 \text{ ps} / \sqrt{E} \oplus 60 \text{ ps}$$

• **Trigger:** ≥ 2 emc deposits barr-barr or barr-ecap

$\varepsilon \approx 90\%$ (geom included) for most ϕ decays

(see P.Branchini talk in session PA12)

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- ϕ meson decays 34% of the times in a pure $K_S K_L$ state. Kaon momentum is $110 \text{ MeV}/c$ ($\beta \sim 0.21$).
- $K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ decays are easily reconstructed by requiring a good vertex at $\rho < 4 \text{ cm}$ and $|z| < 8 \text{ cm}$.
Also: $400 < M_{\pi\pi} < 600 \text{ MeV}$ and $50 < p_{\pi\pi} < 120 \text{ MeV}$

K_S lifetime measurement:

- The primary vertex position is reconstructed on average (run by run) using Bhabha events.
Resolution is: $\sigma_x \sim 70 \mu\text{m}$, $\sigma_y \sim 70 \mu\text{m}$, $\sigma_z \sim 150 \mu\text{m}$.
- A better K_S definition is required:

$$493 < M_s < 497 \text{ MeV}/c^2 ; 105 < p_s < 114 \text{ MeV}/c$$
- angular cuts:

$$45^\circ < \theta_s < 135^\circ ; |\cot \theta_\pi| < 1$$
 (both pions)
- decay length in lab frame (projected on K_S direct.) is fitted. Result is then corrected using measured ϕ boost.

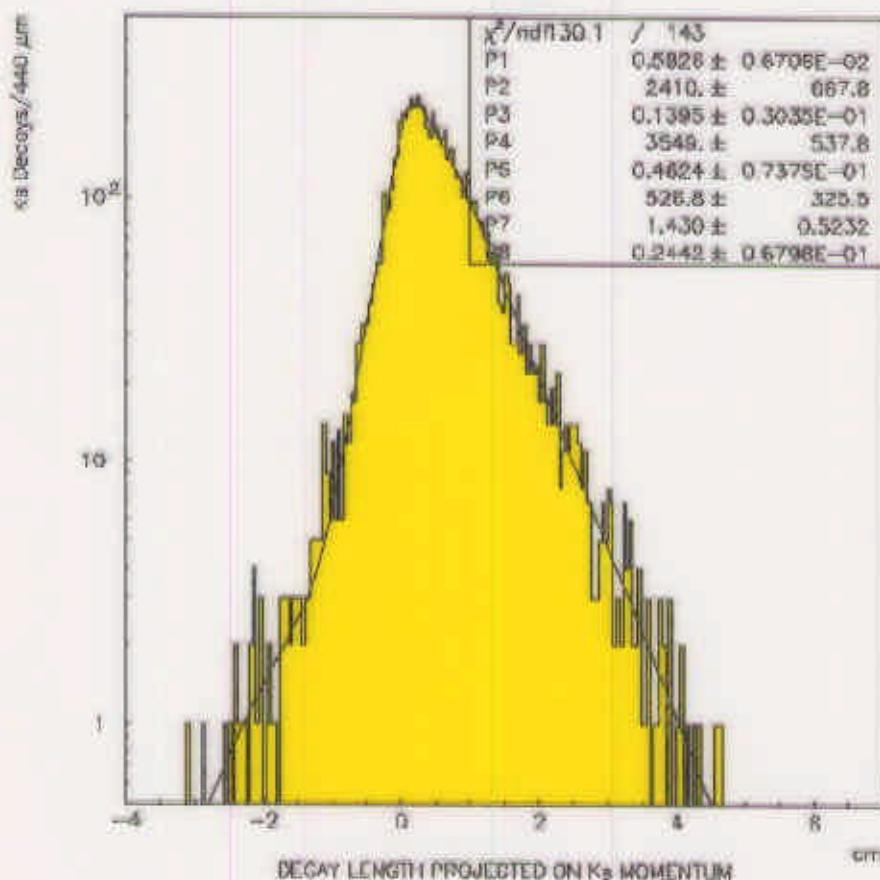


- Only a subsample of full statistics used
- λ_s resolution parameterized with 2 or 3 gaussians
- fit differences due to choice of resolution function considered as systematic error

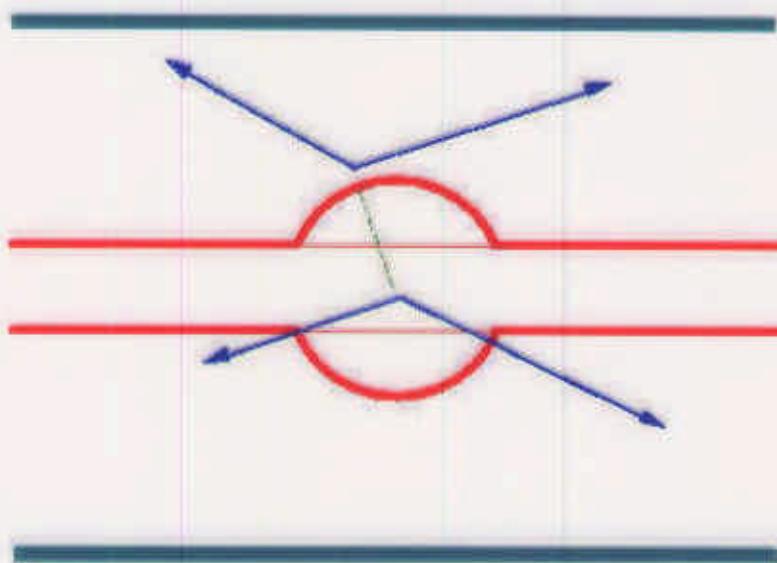
$$\lambda_s = 5.78 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.10 \text{ mm}$$

KLOE preliminary

corresponds to $\tau_s = (0.871 \pm 0.019) 10^{-10} \text{ s}$



Regeneration in KLOE



Beam pipe: sphere $r=10\text{ cm}$ $500\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ thick
made of AlBeMet: 39% Al - 61% Be

D.C. wall : cylinder $\rho = 25\text{ cm}$
 $750\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ Carbon + $200\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ Al

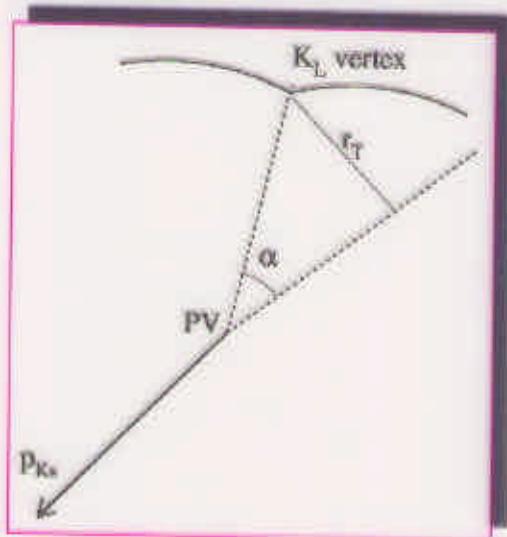
- regeneration is a background to $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ events
- few experimental data available
- expect mainly incoherent regeneration due to K momenta and small regenerator thickness:
 \Rightarrow elastic process



- **K_S selection:** $M_{\pi\pi} \in (M_K \pm 4 \text{ MeV})$; $p_{\pi\pi} \in (110 \pm 7.6 \text{ MeV})$
- **extrapolation resolution to K_L vertex:**

$$\alpha < 4 \left[\sigma_\alpha^2 + \left(\frac{\delta r_T}{d} \right)^2 \right]^{1/2}$$

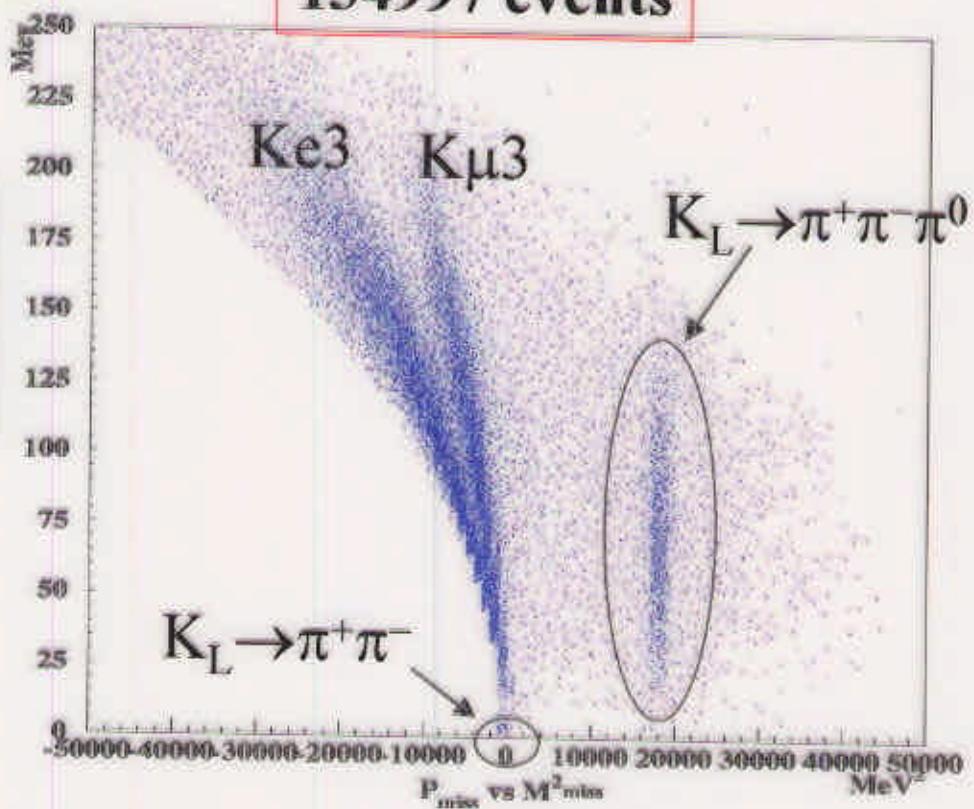
from real data: $\sigma_\alpha = 18 \text{ mrad}$
 $\delta r_T = 0.56 \text{ cm}$



K_L candidates:

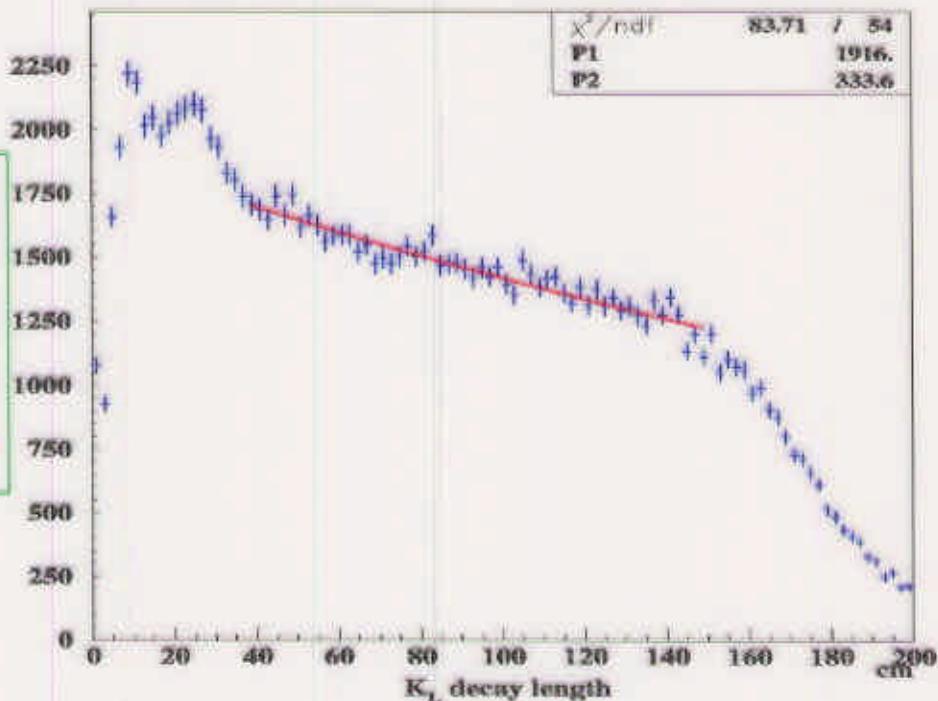
Pion mass hypothesis
for both tracks

134997 events



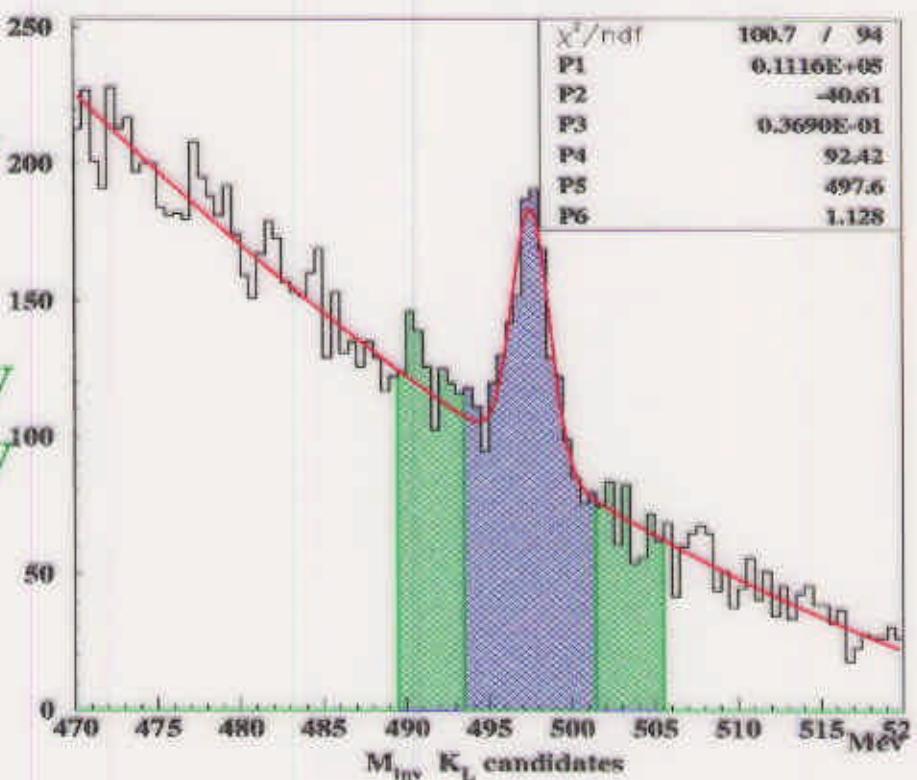
Expected:
 $\lambda_{Kl} = 343 \text{ cm}$

Fitted:
 $\lambda_{Kl} = 333 \pm 12 \text{ cm}$

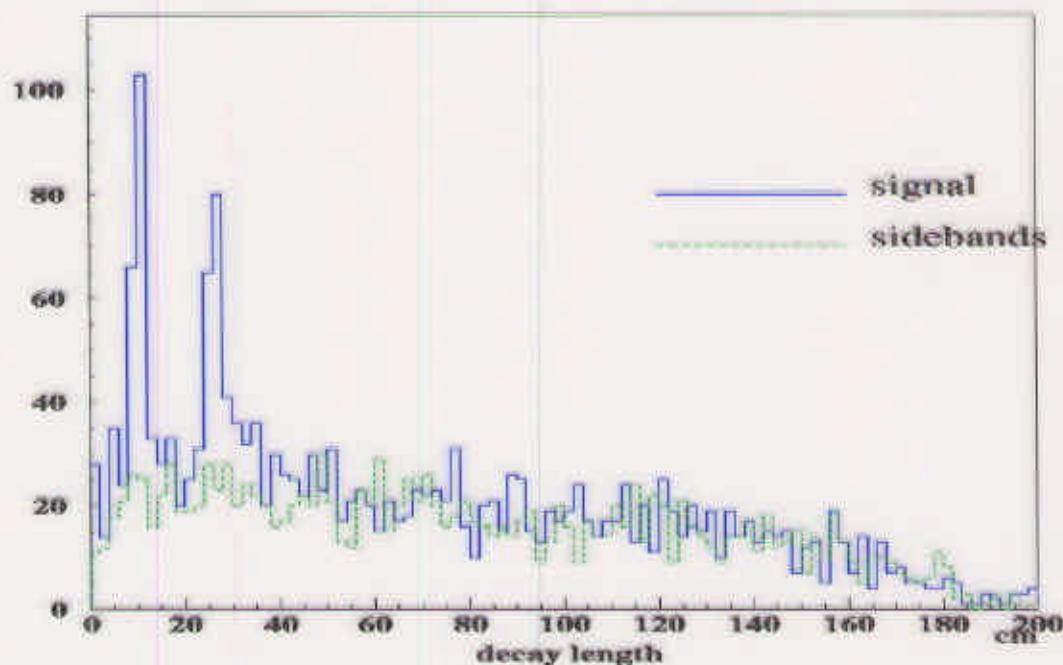


Signal:
 $M_{Kl} \pm 4 \text{ MeV}$

Sidebands:
 $491.7 \pm 2 \text{ MeV}$
 $503.7 \pm 2 \text{ MeV}$



After mass cut :



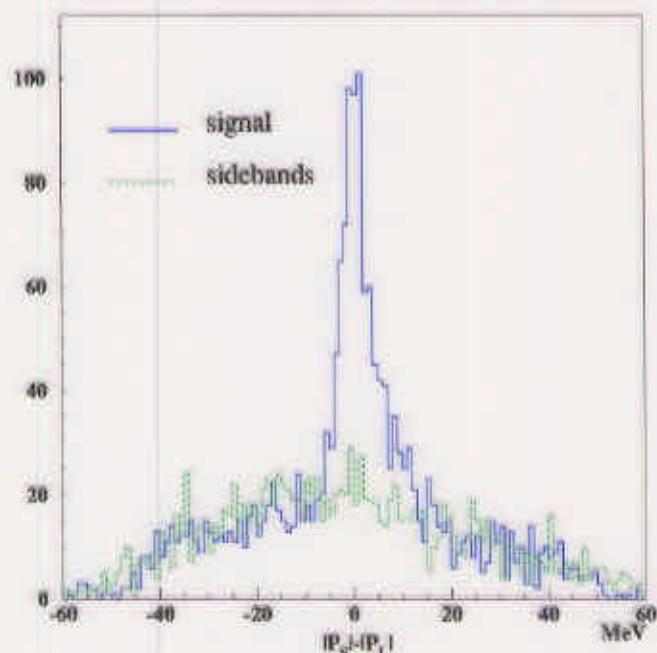
Reject KI3 background:

incoherent regen is elastic

$$\Delta p = |p_S| - |p_L|$$

require

$$-6 < \Delta p < 12 \text{ MeV}$$

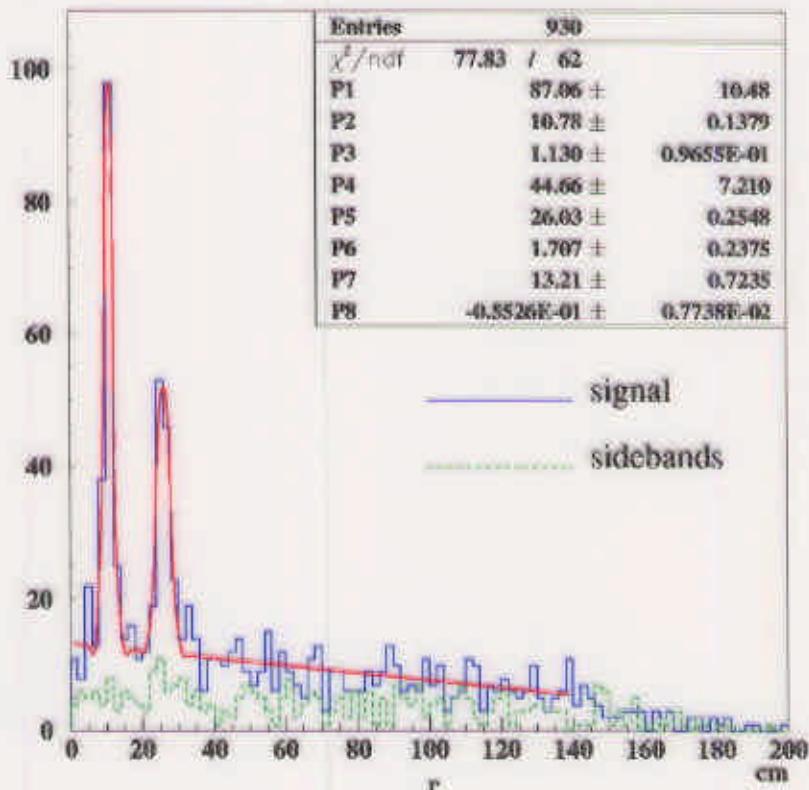


**Event counting in
regenerator region
minus fitted linear
background**

Beam pipe:

$8 < r < 14 \text{ cm}$

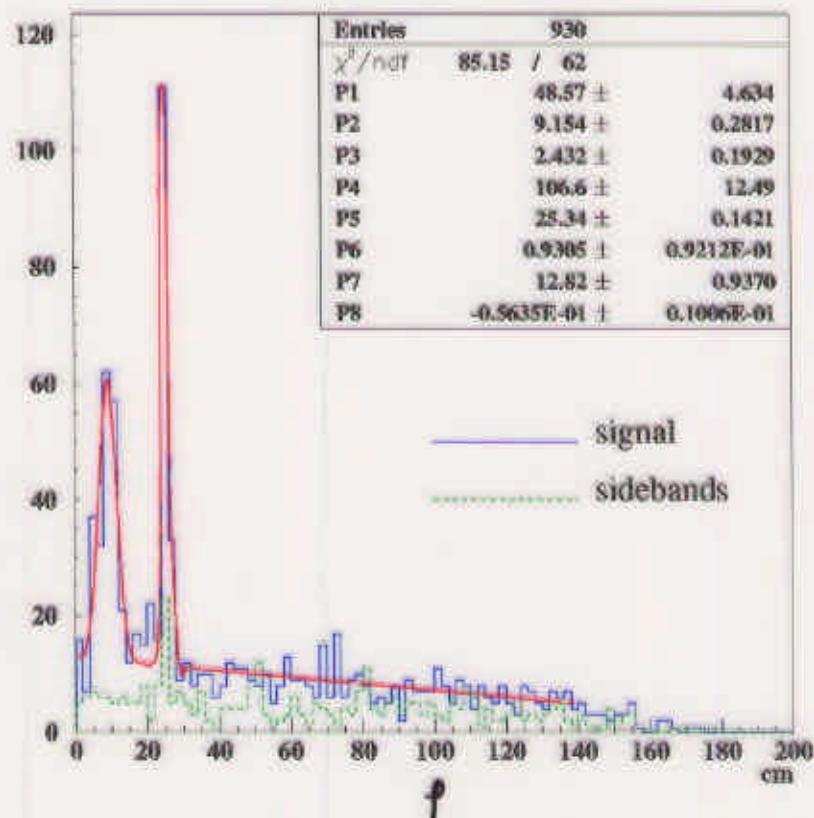
$N_{\text{reg}} = 123 \pm 13$



D.C. wall:

$23 < \rho < 29 \text{ cm}$

$N_{\text{reg}} = 122 \pm 12$



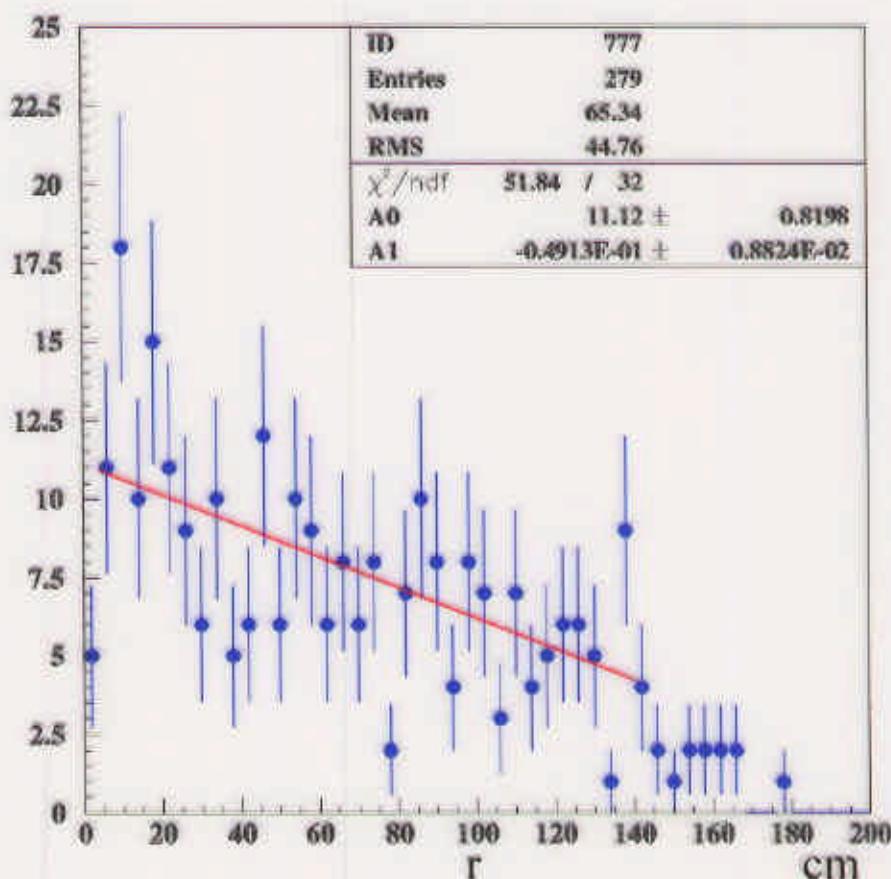
Efficiency evaluation

- Assume regenerated K_S charged decays have same efficiency as $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$
- select $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ requiring $\alpha_{SL} < 75$ mrad
→ MC shows KI3 contamination negligible
- fit with a straight line :

$$\frac{dN_{L\pi\pi}}{dr} = \frac{N_{KsKl} B_{L\pi\pi}}{\lambda_L} e^{-r/\lambda_L} \epsilon(r)$$

$(dN/dr)^{bp} =$
 $2.65 \pm 0.19 \text{ cm}^{-1}$

$(dN/dr)^{dc} =$
 $2.41 \pm 0.15 \text{ cm}^{-1}$



Results

Using: $\sigma_{reg} = \frac{B_{L\pi\pi}}{B_{S\pi\pi}} \frac{1}{\lambda_L(dN_{L\pi\pi}/dr)} \frac{N_{reg}}{\langle nt \rangle}$

$$\langle nt \rangle^{bp} = 4.93 \cdot 10^{21} \text{ cm}^{-2} ; \langle nt \rangle^{dc} = 6.97 \cdot 10^{21} \text{ cm}^{-2}$$

We get:

$$(\sigma_{reg})^{bp} = 75.7 \pm 9.6 \pm 10.6 \text{ mb}$$

$$(\sigma_{reg})^{dc} = 51.9 \pm 6.2 \pm 5.3 \text{ mb}$$

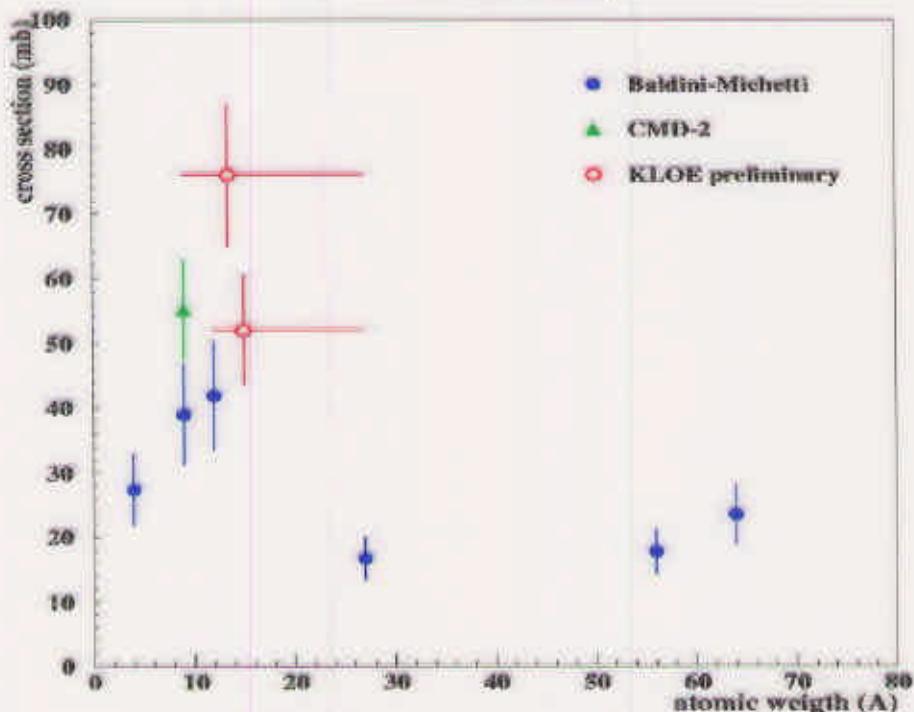
Systematics:

error source	$\Delta\sigma^{Be-Al}$ (mb)	$\Delta\sigma^{C-Al}$ (mb)
r.o.i. limits	2.5	1.0
backgr. shape	2.0	0.4
$\epsilon_{op} \neq \epsilon_{reg}$	1.5	1.1
regen. contam. in $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	6.5	3.7
regenerators thickness	7.6	3.5
total	10.6	5.3

Dominated by regenerators' thickness

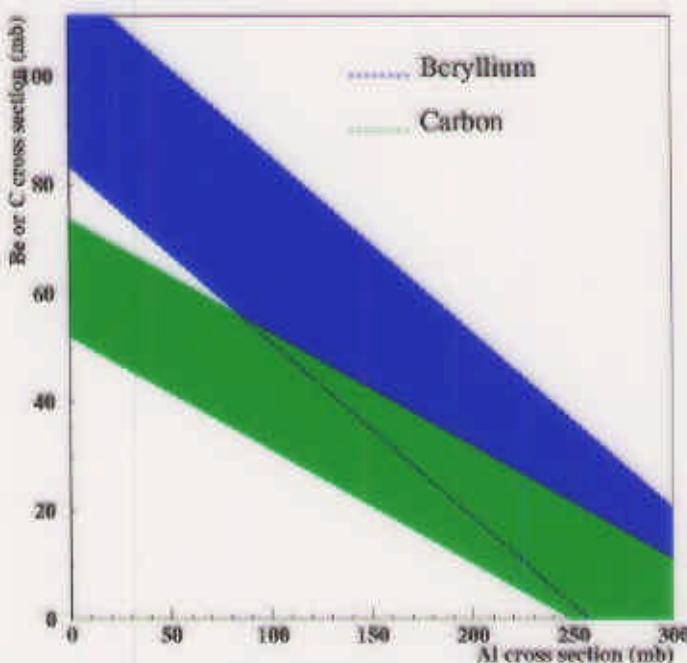


Discussion:



Agreement with previous measurement (CMD-2)
but not with available calculations (Baldini-Michetti)
(using eikonal approximation)

Very hard to accommodate
a low Al cross section



Conclusions

- The KLOE experiment has started analyzing data taken during DAΦNE commissioning
- $K_S K_L$ events are in good agreement with expectations in all respects
- KLOE detector data reconstruction is performing well
- K_S lifetime and $K_L \rightarrow K_S$ regeneration cross section have been measured
- first CP violating decays $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ have been selected.....

