

Heavy quark production in $\gamma\gamma$ collisions

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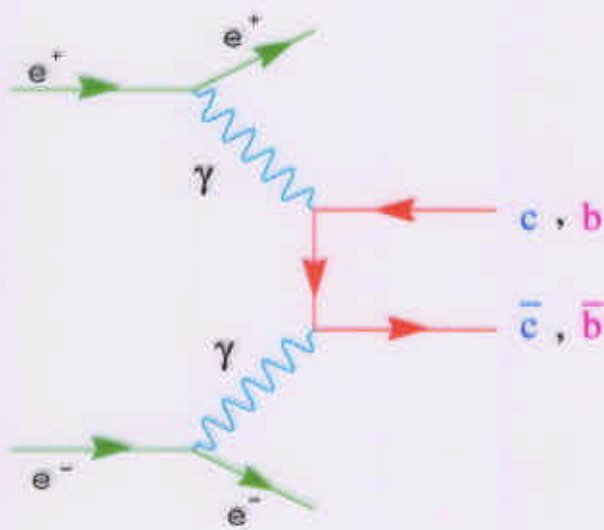
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Siegen University and ALEPH Collaboration

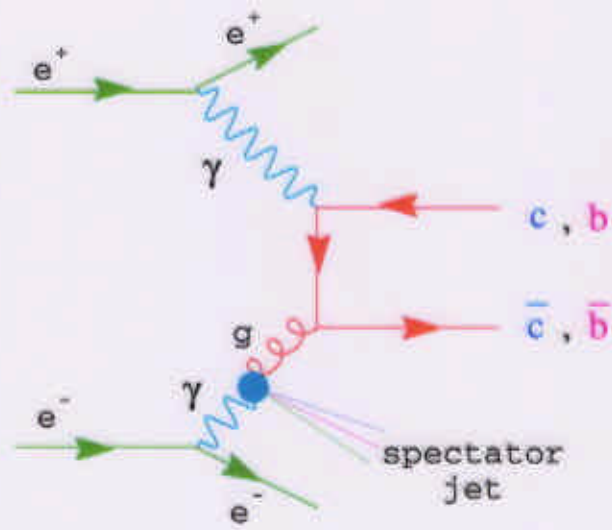
XXXth International Conference on
High Energy Physics

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Motivation



Direct



Single Resolved

Test of perturbative QCD:

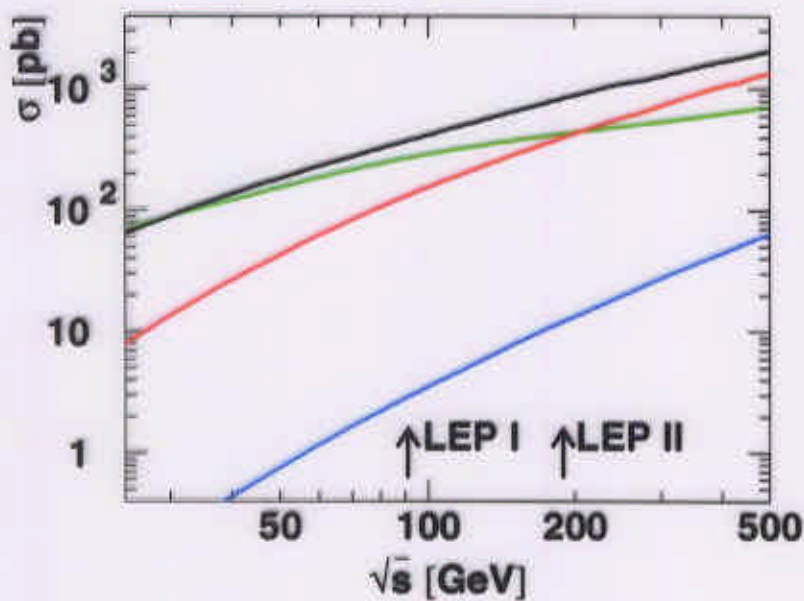
LEP II energies:

VMD : direct : resolved $\approx 0 : 1 : 1$

- direct process depends on quark mass (m_c, m_b) and α_s
- resolved process depends on gluon content of photon
- heavy quark production primarily charm
 $\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow c\bar{c}X) \gg \sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow b\bar{b}X)$

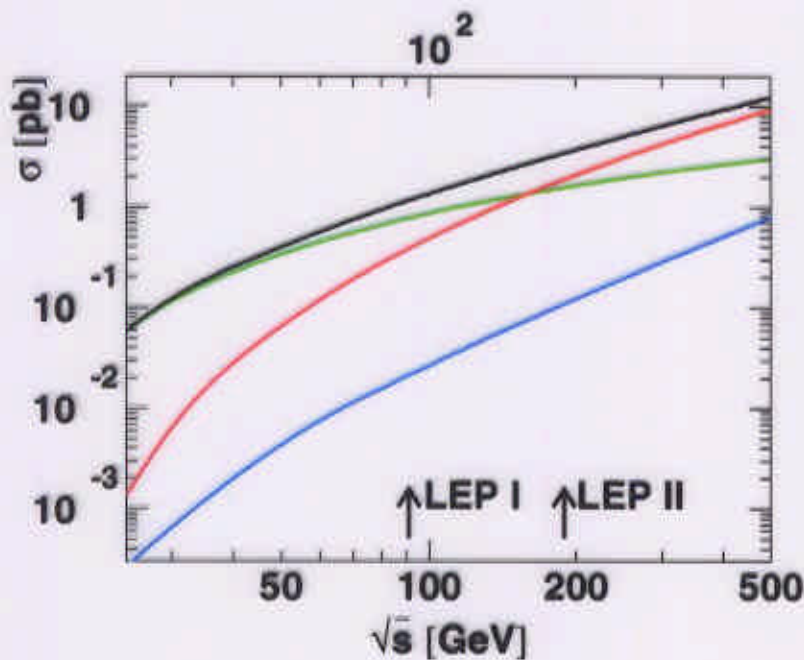
Total Cross Sections Theoretical Prediction (Drees, Krämer, Zunft, Zerwas)

$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-c\bar{c})$$



- direct
- single resolved
- double resolved

$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-b\bar{b})$$



- direct
- single resolved
- double resolved

Identification of Heavy Flavour

Charm identification:

ALEPH	$D^{*\pm}$	μ^\pm	
DELPHI	$D^{*\pm}$		D^\pm, D^0, Λ_c
L3	$D^{*\pm}$	e^\pm, μ^\pm	
OPAL	$D^{*\pm}$		

Bottom identification:

L3 e^\pm, μ^\pm

Data analysed:

ALEPH	μ^\pm	183 GeV	53 pb ⁻¹
	$D^{*\pm}$	183 - 189 GeV	236 pb ⁻¹
DELPHI	$D^{*\pm}, \dots, \Lambda_c$	161 - 204 GeV	458 pb ⁻¹
L3	$D^{*\pm}$	189 GeV	176 pb ⁻¹
	e^\pm	189 - 202 GeV	410 pb ⁻¹
	e^\pm, μ^\pm	189 - 202 GeV	410 pb ⁻¹
OPAL	$D^{*\pm}$	183 - 189 GeV	220 pb ⁻¹

In total **8 contributions !!!**

(# 109, 110, 268, 270, 582, 584, 586, 756)

Measurements / Observables

Charm:

- $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-c\bar{c}X)$
ALEPH, DELPHI, L3, OPAL
- $d\sigma/dp_T^{D^*}, d\sigma/d\eta^{D^*}$
ALEPH, L3, OPAL
- fraction of direct and resolved contribution
ALEPH, OPAL
- $\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow c\bar{c}X)$ vs. $W_{\gamma\gamma}$
L3
- $F_{\gamma,c}^2$
OPAL

Bottom:

- $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-b\bar{b}X)$
L3

$D^{*\pm}$: Goldplated Method

Identify charm events with decay:

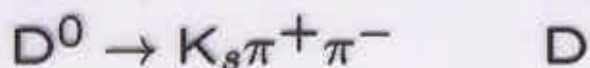
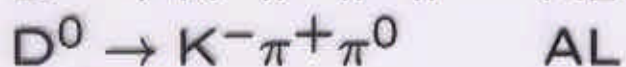
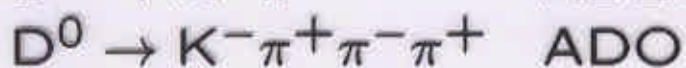


$$\Delta m = m(D^{*\pm}) - m(D^0) = 145 \text{ MeV}$$

\Rightarrow 6 MeV kinetic energy only

\Rightarrow clear signature

All 4 LEP experiments use it:

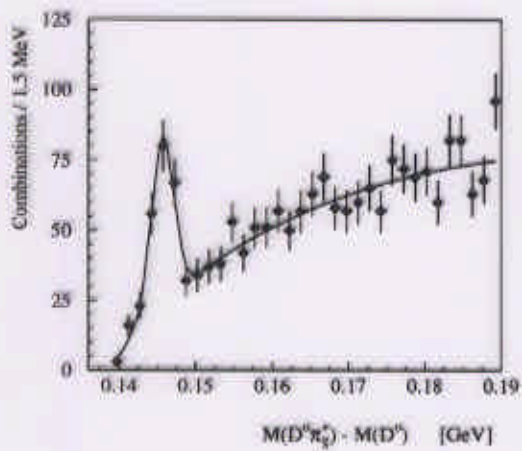


3 experiments give differential distributions

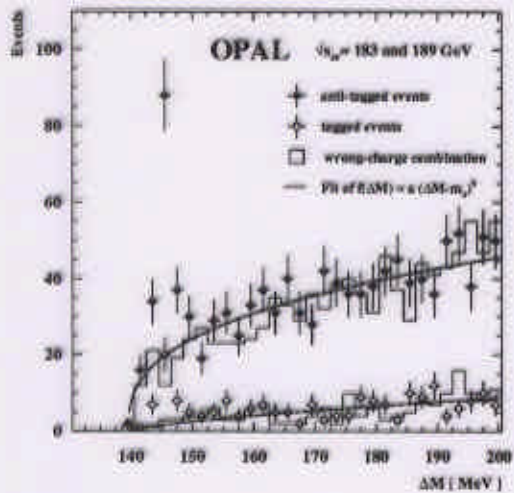
2 experiments quantify fraction of

direct/resolved contributions

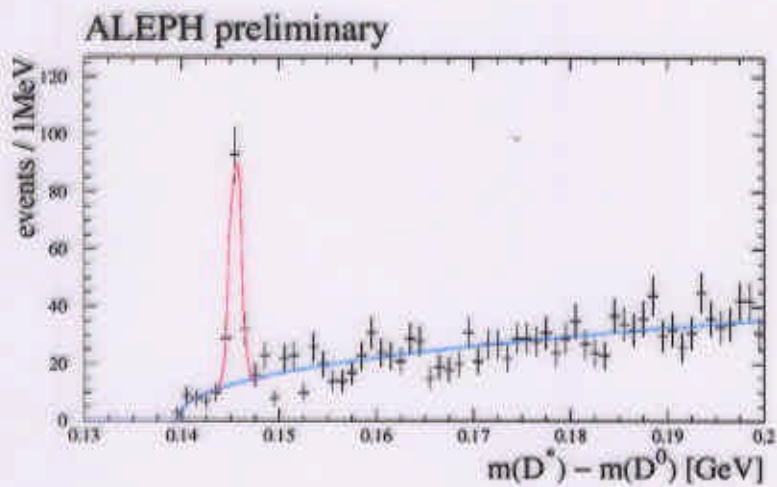
$D^{*\pm}$, signals



L3: 144 events

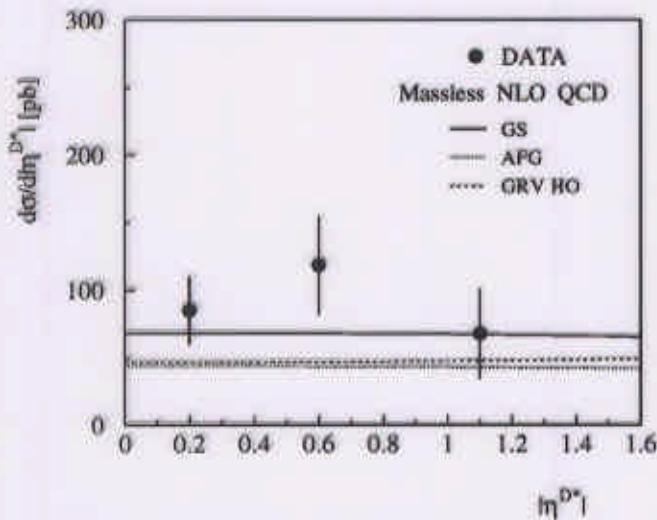


OPAL: 100 events



ALEPH: 113 events

$D^{*\pm}$, pseudorapidity

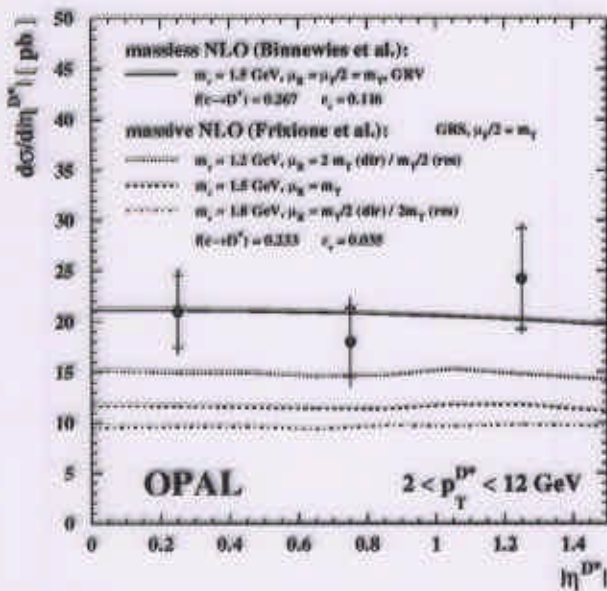


L3:

$$1 \text{ GeV} < p_t(D^{*\pm}) < 5 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\eta| < 1.4$$

reasonable agreement with NLO QCD (massless)

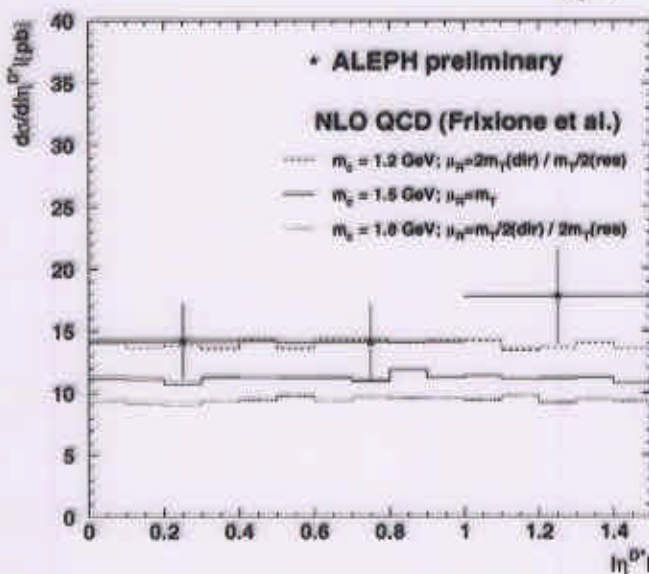


OPAL:

$$2 \text{ GeV} < p_t(D^{*\pm}) < 12 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\eta| < 1.5$$

good agreement with NLO QCD (massless)



ALEPH

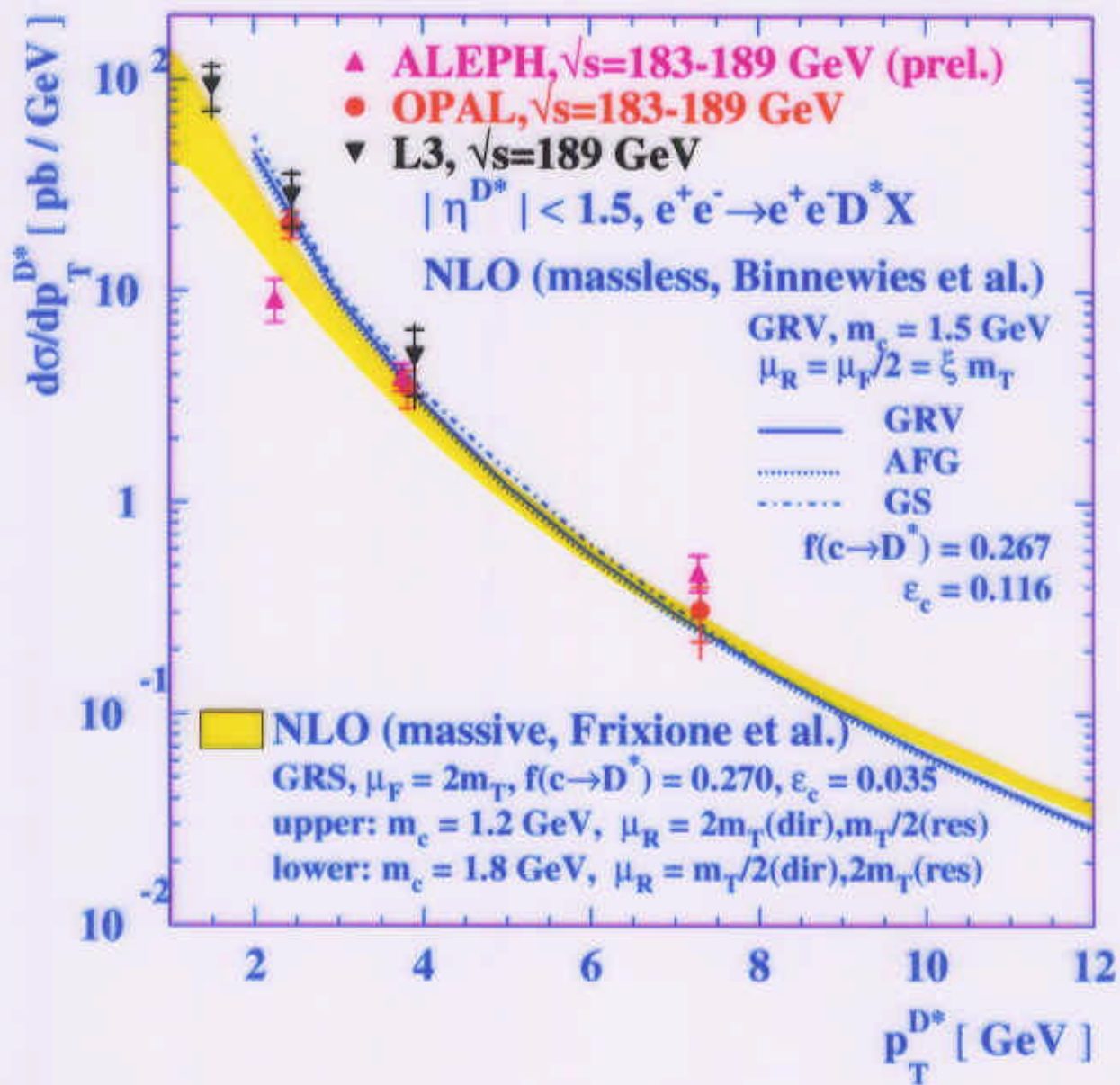
$$2 \text{ GeV} < p_t(D^{*\pm}) < 12 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\eta| < 1.5$$

good agreement with NLO QCD (massive)

$$D^{*\pm}, d\sigma/dp_T^{D^*}$$

Differential distribution $d\sigma/dp_T^{D^*}$ by
ALEPH, OPAL, L3:

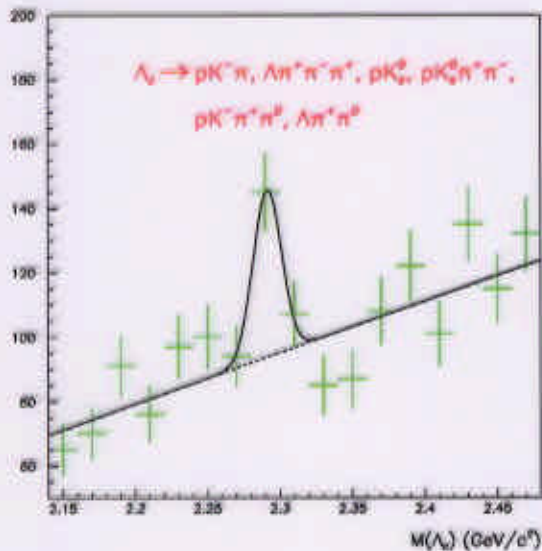
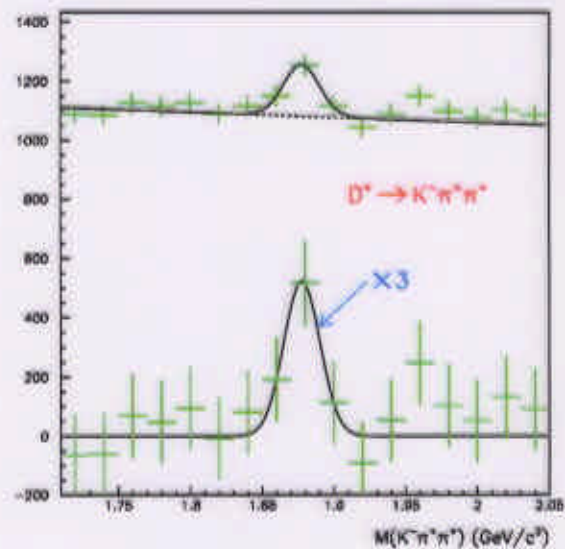
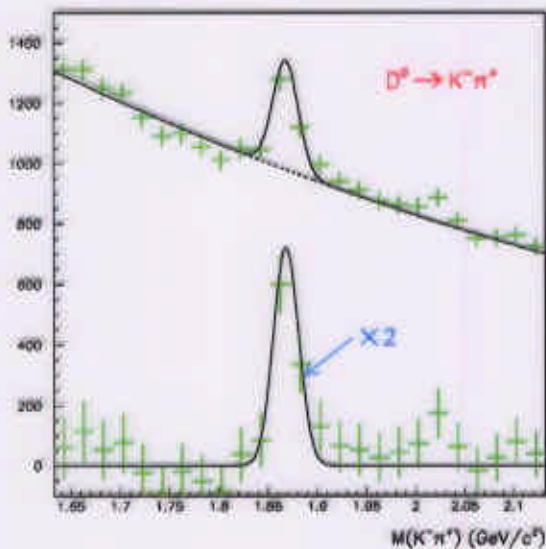


($D^{*\pm}$), D^\pm , D^0 , Λ_c : DELPHI

D^0 : 498 ± 74 events

D^+ : 277 ± 66 events

Λ_c : 62 ± 26 events



Within errors:

$$\sigma_{D^0}^{\text{direct}} \approx \sigma_{D^+}^{\text{direct}}$$

$$\sigma_{D^{*+}} / \sigma_{D^+}^{\text{direct}} = 2.1^{+2.4}_{-0.9}$$

(2J+1) relation:

$$\sigma_{D^{*+}} = 3\sigma_{D^0} = 3\sigma_{D^+}$$

Cross sections agree with theory (large errors);

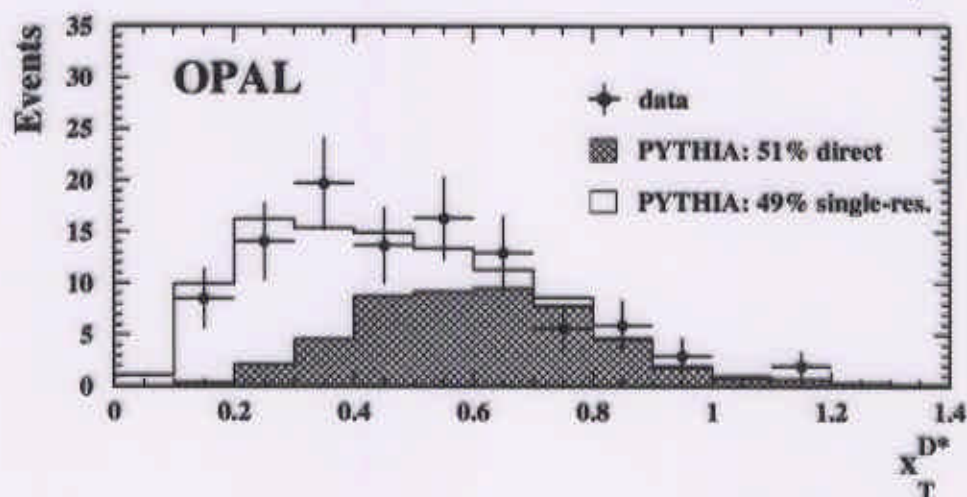
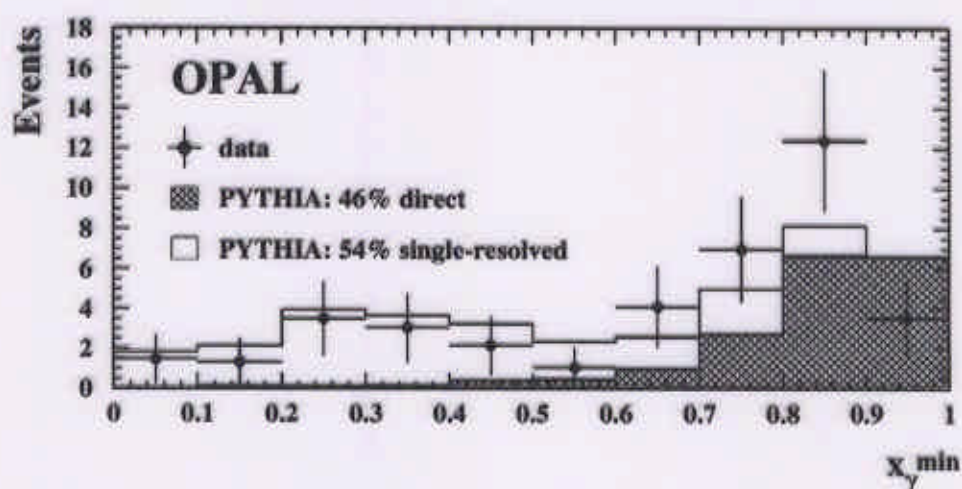
$D^{*\pm}$ sample (155 events) used for $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow c\bar{c}X)$

direct and single resolved contributions needed

Direct and Resolved Contribution: OPAL

$$x_{\gamma}^{\min} = \min(x_{\gamma}^{\pm}); \quad x_{\gamma}^{\pm} = \frac{\sum_{\text{jets}}(E \pm p_z)}{\sum_{\text{particles}}(E \pm p_z)}$$

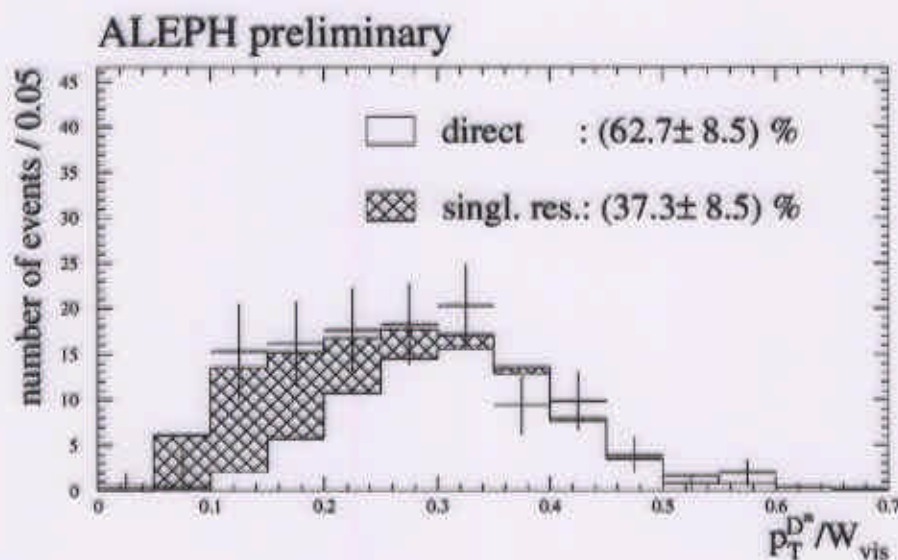
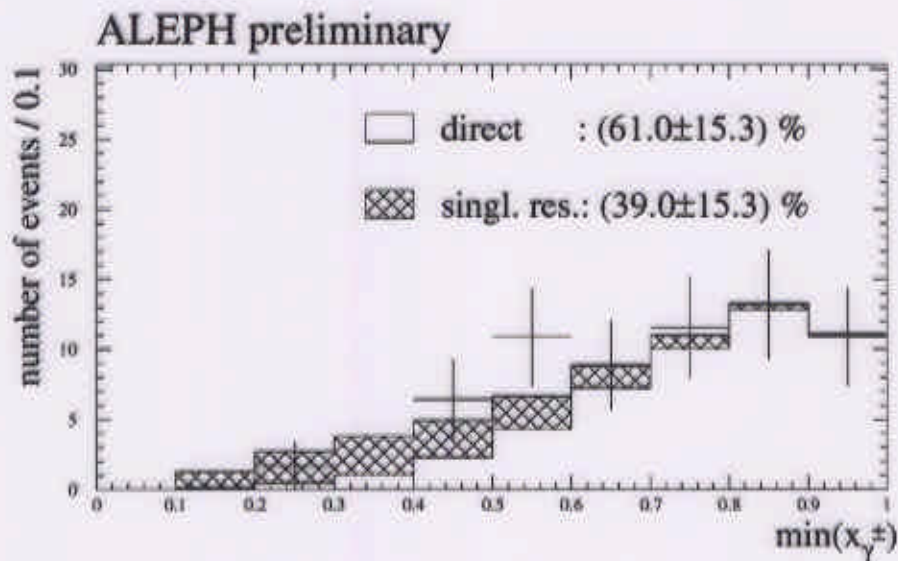
$$x_T^{D*} = (2)p_t^D * / W_{\text{vis}}$$



$$\sigma_{\text{dir}}(e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-c\bar{c}X) = 401 \pm 46 \pm 87 \pm 75 (\text{extr.}) \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{res}}(e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-c\bar{c}X) = 562 \pm 64 \pm 121 \pm 149 (\text{extr.}) \text{ pb}$$

Direct and Resolved Contribution: ALEPH



$$\sigma_{dir}(e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-c\bar{c}X) = 345 \pm 28 \pm 72 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{res}(e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-c\bar{c}X) = 307 \pm 25 \pm 150 \text{ pb}$$

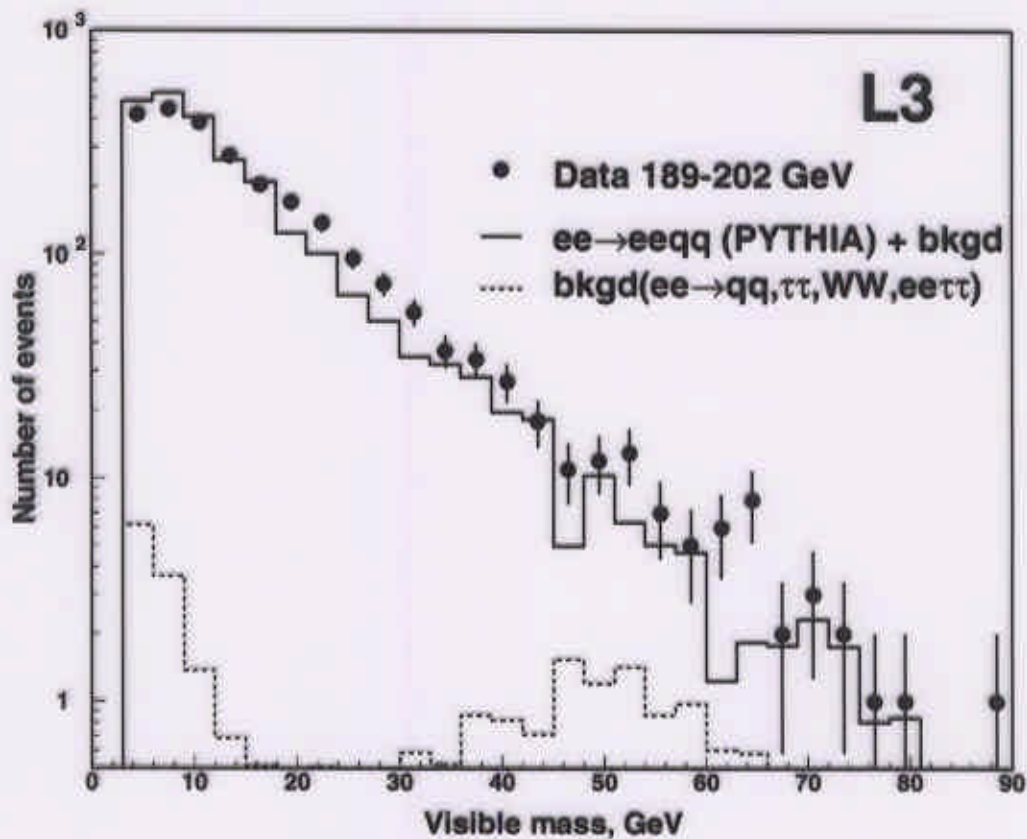
Extrapolation R to full p, η range is large:

$$R_{dir} = 11.9 \pm 1.5$$

$$R_{res} = 17.5 \pm 7.2$$

$$\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow c\bar{c}X) \text{ vs. } W_{\gamma\gamma}: W_{\text{vis}}$$

Semileptonic events: 2455 events with e^\pm

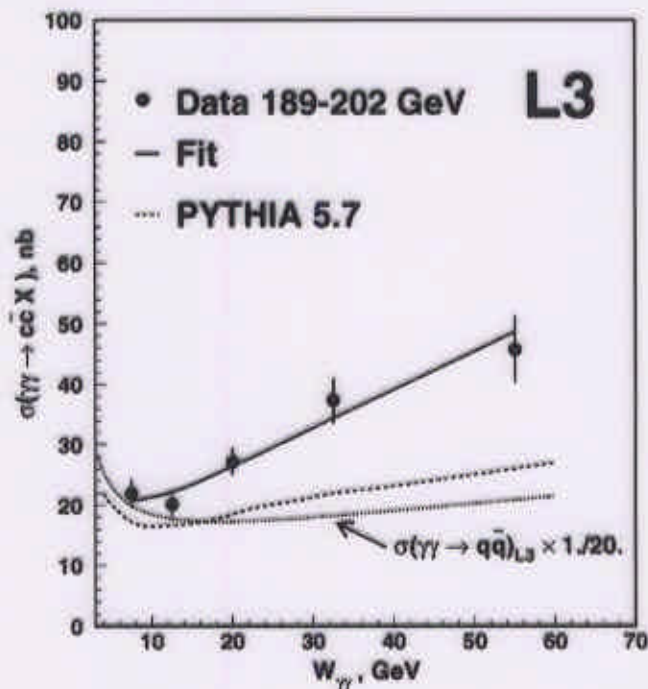


Monte Carlo are lower than data
at intermediate and high visible mass

$\sigma(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow c\bar{c}X)$ vs. $W_{\gamma\gamma}$: Pomeron

$$\sigma_{tot} = As^\epsilon + Bs^{-\eta}$$

(Pomeron + Reggeon;
by Donnachie and Landshoff)



Fit $\epsilon = 0.400 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.096$ ($\eta = 0.34$) fix
 PDG $\epsilon = 0.095 \pm 0.02$ ($\eta = 0.34 \pm 0.02$)

\Rightarrow hard pomeron contribution

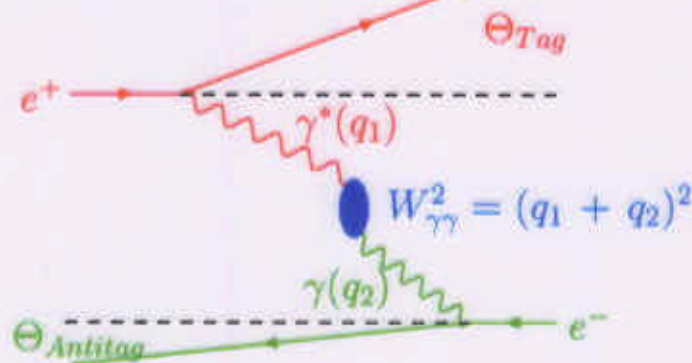
PYTHIA is only 66% of charm cross section

\Rightarrow NLO corrections needed

Charm Structure Function $F_{2,c}^\gamma$

Measurement of $F_{2,c}^\gamma$ in **single-tag events**:

- 1) identify charm events **OPAL: 29.8 ± 5.9 D^* events**
- 2) single tag = one electron (or positron) detected
 - $33 \text{ mrad} < \vartheta < 55 \text{ mrad}$ $p_t^{D^*} > 1 \text{ GeV}$
 - $60 \text{ mrad} < \vartheta < 120 \text{ mrad}$ $p_t^{D^*} > 3 \text{ GeV}$



$$\frac{d^2\sigma_{e\gamma \rightarrow eX}}{dx dQ^2} = \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{xQ^2} [(1 + (1-y)^2) F_2^\gamma(x, Q^2) - y^2 F_L^\gamma(x, Q^2)]$$

with

$$Q^2 = 2EE_{\text{tag}}(1 - \cos\theta_{\text{tag}})$$

$$x \approx \frac{Q^2}{Q^2 + W^2}$$

$$y \approx 1 - \frac{E_{\text{tag}}}{E} \cos^2(\theta_{\text{tag}})$$

y small \Rightarrow contribution from F_L^γ small

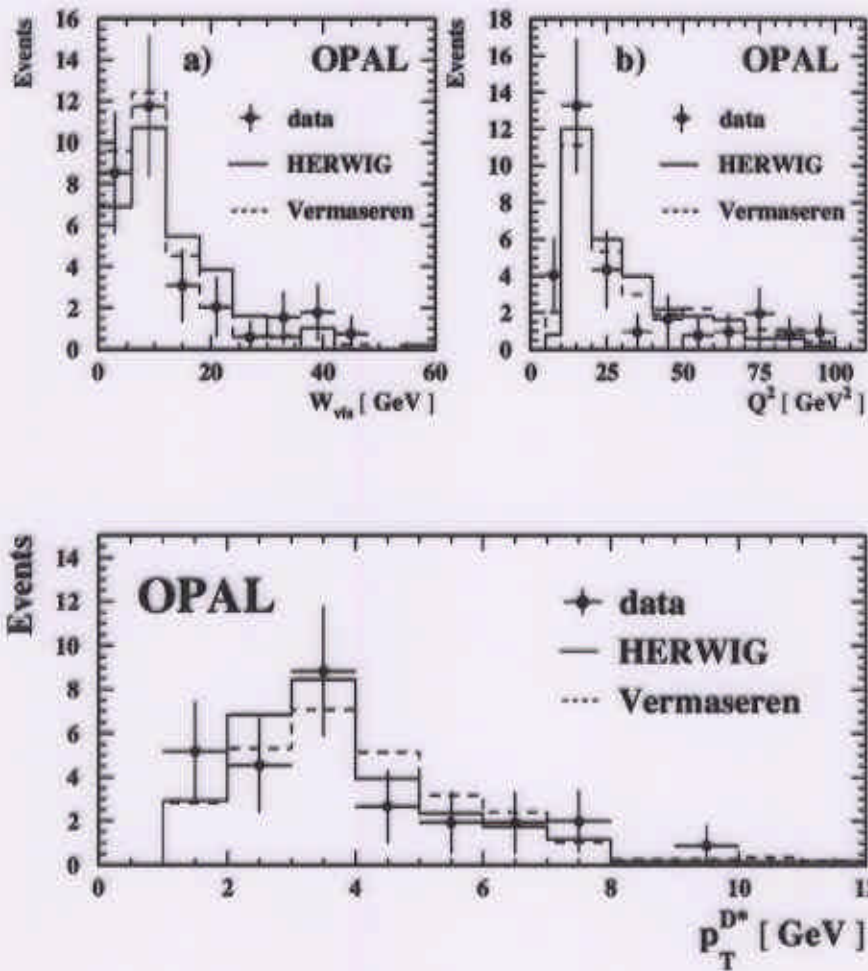
studied in two x -ranges:

$$0.0014 < x < 0.1$$

$$0.1 < x < 0.87$$

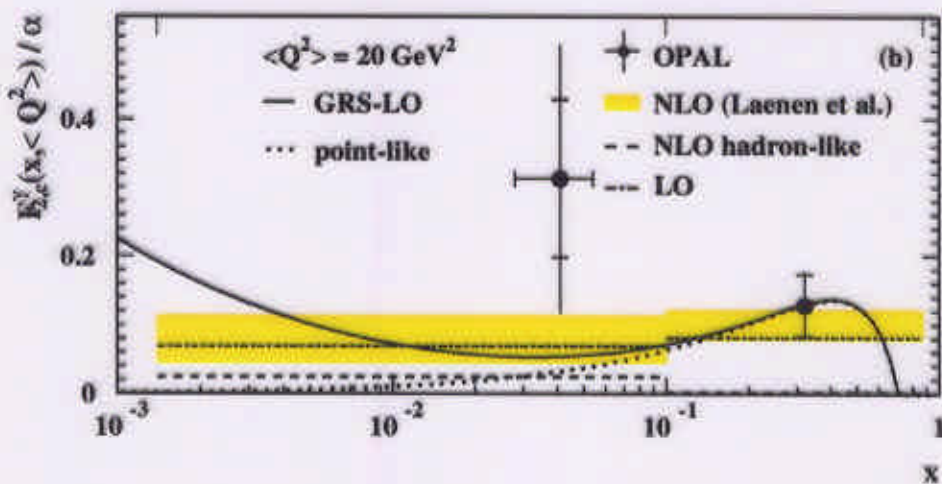
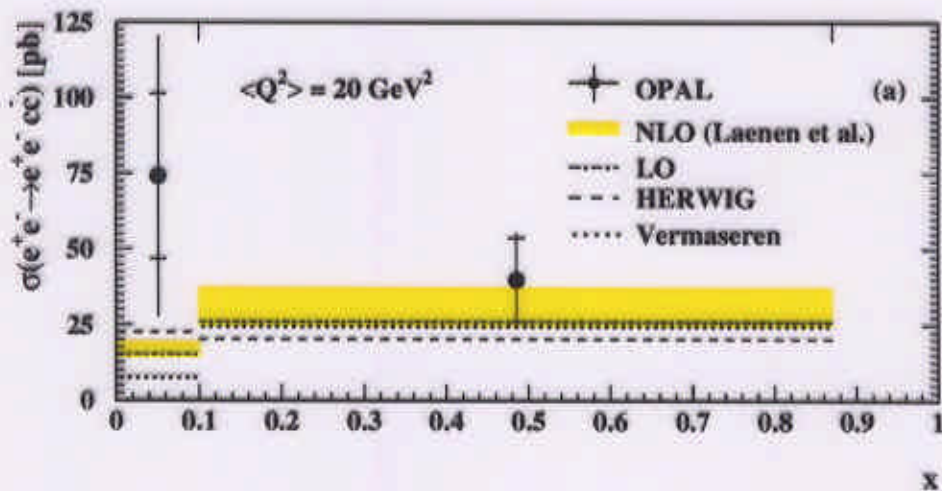
$$\langle Q^2 \rangle \approx 20 \text{ GeV}^2$$

Charm Structure Function



Herwig and Vermaseren models describe data well

Charm Structure Function

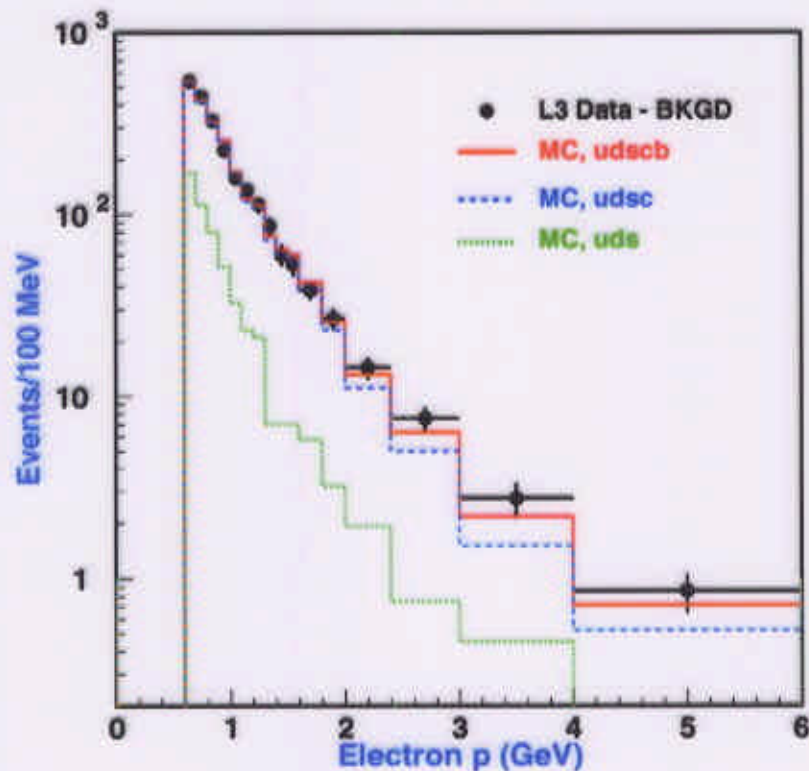


- $x > 0.1$ agreement = pointlike part
(free parameters m_c, α_s)
calculable in perturbative QCD:
- $x < 0.1$ data above MC, but not (yet) conclusive
suggests hadron like contribution

Need/Evidence for Bottom Production: L3

lepton(bottom) = large p ; 2 analysis methods:

	e^\pm events	μ^\pm events
cuts	103 ± 20	125 ± 23
fit	320	325

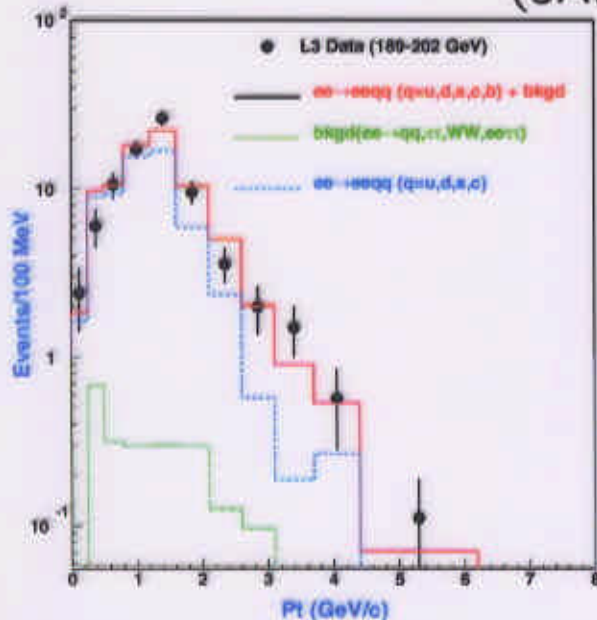


$b\bar{b}$ MC set to $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-b\bar{b}X) = 5 \text{ pb}$
 MC too low $\Rightarrow \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-b\bar{b}X) > 5 \text{ pb}$

Bottom: p_T of e^\pm and μ^\pm to jet

lepton(bottom) = large p_T to jet direction

(JADE, $Y_{\text{cut}} = 0.1$; lepton excluded)



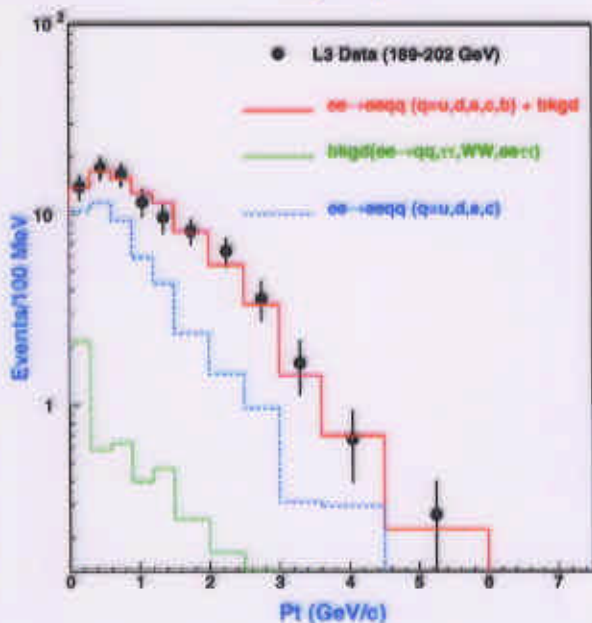
electrons

$p^e > 2 \text{ GeV}$

$p_t^e > 1 \text{ GeV}$

b-effi. = 1.0%

b-purity 51%



muons

$p^\mu > 2.5 \text{ GeV}$

$p_t^\mu > 1.5 \text{ GeV}$

b-effi. = 1.2%

b-purity 51%

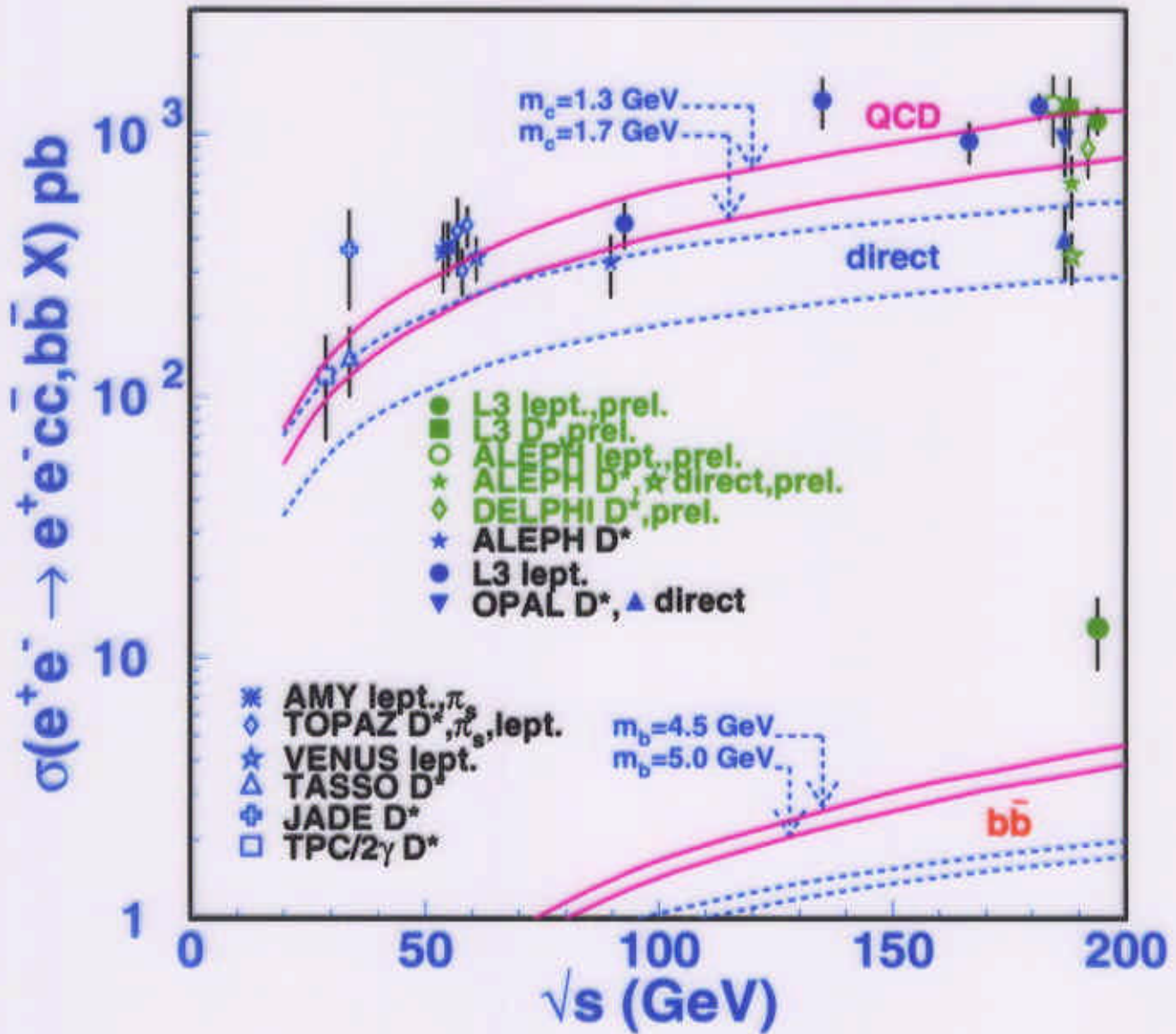
$\sigma_i(e^\pm) \approx \sigma_i(\mu^\pm)$ consistent

$\sigma_{\text{cut}} = 13.04 \pm 1.79 \pm 3.59 \text{ pb}$

$\sigma_{\text{fit}} = 14.20 \pm 2.02 \pm 1.56 \text{ pb}$

$\sigma_{\text{measured}} \gg \sigma_{\text{predicted}}$

Inclusive Charm and Bottom Cross Section



Conclusion

- Measurements of **charm quark** production:
 - agreement with QCD prediction
 - ⇒ $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow c\bar{c}X$ needed
 - clear evidence for gluon content in photon
 - ⇒ $\gamma g \rightarrow c\bar{c}X$ needed
 - NLO contribution seems important
 - fair agreement among 4 LEP experiments
ALEPH, DELPHI, L3, OPAL, but...
 - fair agreement for various techniques
(**lepton, D^***)
 - D^\pm, D^0, Λ_c clear signals
 - ⇒ from evidence to precision = detailed studies
e.g., **direct/resolved, $\sigma(W_{\gamma\gamma}), F_{2,c}^\gamma$**
- Measurements of **bottom quark** production:
 - **$b\bar{b}$ production needed,**
predicted cross section too low